## APPENDIX ONE

	Solubility (µg/ml)			
Solvent	Ester <b><u>2</u></b>	Ester <u>3</u>		
Water	2.59	4.40		
Ethanol	>2,000	>2,000		
Propylene Glycol	>2,000	>2,000		
PEG 300	>2,000	>2,000		
0.01 N HCl (pH 2)	1.98	$1748\pm343$		
pH 4 acetate buffer	2.27	$58.6 \pm 15.6$		
pH 5 acetate buffer	4.89	$6.28 \pm 4.49$		
pH 6 acetate buffer	2.27	$5.78 \pm 1.87$		
pH 7.4 phosphate buffer	3.72	$2.61 \pm 2.10$		
pH 8 phosphate buffer	1.71	$6.19\pm2.64$		

 Table 9
 Solubility of mefenamic acid esters 2 and 3 in various solvents

	pH 2		pH 5		pH 7.4	
Compounds	Rate constant (h <sup>-1</sup> )	$R^2$	Rate constant $(h^{-1})$	$R^2$	Rate constant (h <sup>-1</sup> )	$R^2$
<u>2</u>	$0.135\pm0.02$	$0.926\pm0.097$	$0.134\pm0.024$	$0.844\pm0.056$	$0.088\pm0.018$	$0.969\pm0.012$
<u>3</u>	а	а	a	а	$0.150\pm0.048$	$0.969\pm0.036$
<u>6</u>	0.045 ± 0.012	$0.967 \pm 0.022$	$0.023 \pm 0.003$	$0.965\pm0.014$	$0.169 \pm 0.028$	$0.929\pm0.023$

 Table 10
 Rate constants and squared correlation coefficients of the time courses of mefenamic acid prodrugs in aqueous buffers

a: No detectable degradation product of <u>3</u> were observed at pH 2 and 5.

Compounds –	Human plasma		Caco-2 homogenate		Rat liver homogenate			
	Rate constant (min <sup>-1</sup> )	R <sup>2</sup>	Rate constant (min <sup>-1</sup> )	$R^2$	Rate constant (min <sup>-1</sup> )	R <sup>2</sup>		
<u>1</u>	$0.015\pm0.001$	$0.967 \pm 0.009$	$0.012\pm0.00$	$0.976\pm0.01$	$0.024\pm0.002$	$0.981\pm0.007$		
<u>2</u>	$0.045\pm0.003$	$0.960\pm0.027$	$0.137\pm0.033$	$0.957\pm0.031$	$0.037\pm0.003$	$0.928{\pm}0.029$		
<u>3</u>	$0.012\pm0.001$	$0.990\pm0.006$	$9.67 \pm 0.58 \text{ x } 10^{-4}$	$0.974\pm0.014$	$0.013\pm0.002$	$0.972\pm0.007$		
<u>4</u>	$0.019\pm0.002$	$0.989\pm0.003$	$5.48 \pm 0.72 \text{ x } 10^{-4}$	$0.965\pm0.025$	$4.8 \pm 0.97 \text{ x } 10^{-4}$	$0.970 \pm 0.005$		
<u>5</u>	$2.3 \pm 0.11 \text{ x } 10^{-3}$	$0.994\pm0.003$	$4.0 \pm 0.70 \text{ x } 10^{-4}$	$0.967\pm0.014$	$1.49 \pm 0.16 \text{ x} 10^{-3}$	$0.963\pm0.026$		
<u>6</u>	N.D.	N.D.	$0.088\pm0.023$	$0.974\pm0.007$	N.D.	N.D.		
N.D. N 4 determined								

 Table 11
 Rate constants and squared correlation coefficients of the time courses of mefenamic acid ester prodrugs in biological media

N.D.: Not determined



**Figure 16** Hydrolysis profile of the esters <u>2</u>, <u>3</u>, and <u>6</u> of mefenamic acid in phosphate buffer pH 7.4 at 37°C



**Figure 17** Hydrolysis of <u>1</u> in human plasma and phosphate buffer pH 7.4 at  $37^{\circ}$ C



**Figure 18** Hydrolysis of <u>2</u> in human plasma and phosphate buffer pH 7.4 at 37°C



**Figure 19** Hydrolysis of <u>3</u> in human plasma and phosphate buffer pH 7.4 at 37°C



**Figure 20** Hydrolysis of <u>4</u> in human plasma and phosphate buffer pH 7.4 at  $37^{\circ}$ C



**Figure 21** Hydrolysis of <u>5</u> in human plasma and phosphate buffer pH 7.4 at  $37^{\circ}$ C



**Figure 22** Hydrolysis of <u>6</u> in human plasma and phosphate buffer pH 7.4 at 37°C



**Figure 23** Hydrolysis of <u>7</u> in human plasma and phosphate buffer pH 7.4 at 37°C



**Figure 24** Degradation profiles of <u>1</u> in human plasma (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 25 Degradation profiles of <u>1</u> in Caco-2 homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 26 Hydrolysis of <u>1</u> in rat liver homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 27 Degradation profiles of <u>2</u> in human plasma (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 28 Degradation profiles of <u>2</u> in Caco-2 homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 29 Degradation profiles of <u>2</u> in rat liver homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 30 Degradation profile of <u>3</u> in human plasma (pH 7.4, 37°C)



**Figure 31** Degradation profile of <u>3</u> in Caco-2 homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 32 Degradation profile of  $\underline{3}$  in rat liver homogenate (pH 7.4,  $37^{\circ}$ C)



Figure 33 Degradation profile of <u>4</u> in human plasma (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 34 Degradation profile of <u>4</u> in Caco-2 homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 35 Degradation profile of  $\underline{4}$  in rat liver homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 36 Degradation profile of <u>5</u> in human plasma (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 37 Degradation profile of <u>5</u> in Caco-2 homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 38 Degradation profile of <u>5</u> in rat liver homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)



Figure 39 Degradation profile of  $\underline{6}$  in human plasma (pH 7.4,  $37^{\circ}$ C)



Figure 40 Degradation profile of <u>6</u> in Caco-2 homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)



**Figure 41** Time course of <u>7</u> in human plasma, Caco-2 homogenate, and rat liver homogenate (pH 7.4, 37°C)

## APPENDIX TWO







Figure 43 Representative chromatograms of transport of <u>1</u> across Caco-2 monolayer. Mobile phase: Acetate buffer pH 5.0 (0.05M) and methanol (40:60). UV detected at 280 nm. Transport was performed at 37°C.
(a) Standard mixture of <u>1</u>, mefenamic acid, and diclofenac (internal standard, I.S.) yielded retention time of 13.5 min (<u>1</u>), 9.09 min (mefenamic acid, MEF), and 5.29 min (diclofenac); (b) BL-AP transport, samples withdrawn at 90 min after incubating 26.3 μM of <u>1</u> with HBSS pH 7.4; (c)AP-BL transport, samples withdrawn at 90 min after incubating 18.7 μM of <u>1</u> with HBSS pH 6.5.









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IND

IND

Figure 45 Representative chromatograms of transport of <u>3</u> with 100 μM indomethacin (IND). Mobile phase: Acetate buffer pH 4.5 (0.05M) and acetonitrile (55:45) UV detected at 280 nm. Transport was performed at 37°C.
(a) Standard mixture of <u>3</u> (1.52 μM), mefenamic acid (2.16 μM), and dextromethorphan (I.S., 1.2μg) yielded retention time of 20.9 min (<u>3</u>), 10.4 min (mefenamic acid), and 8.71 min (I.S.); (b) AP-BL transport of <u>3</u>, samples withdrawn at 120 min after transport initiation. Indomethacin showed a distinct peak at 6.50 min; (c) AP-BL transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport initiation; (d) Initial loaded <u>3</u> in HBSS pH 7.4; (e) BL-AP transport of <u>3</u>, samples withdrawn at 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at at 8.68 min; (f) BL-AP transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at at 8.68 min; (f) BL-AP transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at the standard showed a peak at 8.68 min; (f) BL-AP transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 120 min after transport initiation.



f



Figure 46 Representative chromatograms of transport of <u>3</u> with 100 μM verapamil. Mobile phase: phosphate buffer pH 4.35 (0.05M) and acetonitrile (55:45). UV detected at 280 nm. (a) Standard mixture of <u>3</u> (1.52 μM), mefenamic acid (2.16 μM), and naproxen (internal standard, 0.25μg) yielded retention time of 15.5 min (<u>3</u>), 11.1 min (mefenamic acid), and 4.79 min (naproxen); (b) Initial loaded <u>3</u> in HBSS pH 6.5. Verapamil showed a distinct peak at 8.17 min; (c) AP-BL transport of <u>3</u>, samples withdrawn at 90 min after transport initiation; (d) AP-BL transport of <u>3</u>, samples at donor side 20 min after transport initiation; (e) BL-AP transport of <u>3</u>, samples withdrawn from receiver compartment at 0 min after transport initiation; (f) BL-AP transport of <u>3</u>, samples withdrawn from receiver compartment at 90 min after transport initiation.





MEF



- **Figure 48** Representative chromatograms of transport of <u>4</u> with 100  $\mu$ M indomethacin (IND). Mobile phase: Acetate buffer pH 4.1 (0.05M) and acetonitrile (50:50) UV detected at 280 nm. Transport was performed at 37°C. (a) Standard mixture of (2.95  $\mu$ M), mefenamic acid (2.44  $\mu$ M), and gemfibrosil (internal standard), yielding retention time of 12.65 min [4]), 5.35 min (mefenamic acid), and 6.09 min (gemfibrosil); (b) AP-BL transport of <u>4</u>, samples withdrawn at 180 min after transport initiation.
  - MEF transport of <u>4</u>, samples withdrawn at 180 min after transport initiation. Indomethacin showed a distinct peak at 4.09 min; (c) AP-BL transport of <u>4</u>, samples at donor side 60 min after transport initiation; (d) BL-AP transport of <u>4</u>, samples withdrawn at 60 min after transport initiation. Gemfibrosil (I.S.) showed a peak at 6.12<u>4</u>min.

С

d

b

a



Figure 49 Representative chromatograms of transport of 4<sup>4</sup> with 100 μM verapamil (VER). Mobile phase: Acetate buffer pH 4.1 (0.05M) and acetonitrile ME(\$\$\mathbf{p}0:50\$). UV detected at 280 nm. (a) Standard mixture of 4 (2.95 μM), and mefenamic acid (MEF, 2.44 μM), yielding retention time of 12.4 min (4) and 5.40 min (MEF); (b) Initial loaded 4 in HBSS pH 6.5. Verapamil showed a distinct peak at 6.92 min; (c) AP-BL transport of 4, samples withdrawn at 90 min after transport initiation; (d) Initial loaded 4 in HBSS pH 7.4. Verapamil showed a distinct peak at 6.92 min; (e) BL-AP transport of 4, samples withdrawn from receiver compartment at 90 min after transport initiation.