

Appendix A

Table A- 1 Stock solution and all chemical reagents list

Order	Chemical reagent name
Stock solution	Sodium hydrogen arsenate heptahydrate (Na ₂ HAsO ₄ .7H ₂ O)
Chemical reagent list	
1	Perchloric acid (HClO ₄)
2	Sodium borohydride (NaBH ₄)
3	Sodium hydroxide (NaOH)
4	Hydrochloric acid (HCl)
5	Potassium iodide (KI)
6	Ascorbic acid (C ₆ H ₈ O ₆)
7	Nitric acid (HNO ₃)

Table A- 2 The parameters used for Perkin Elmer model 5000

Parameter	Setting
Wavelength	193.7 nm
Lamp type	EDL
Energy	40-46 mA
Spectral bandpass	0.7 nm (low slit)
Read time	2.0 sec
Atomization temperature	900 °C
Signal measurement	Peak-height absorbance
Carrier solution	2M HCl, flow rate 0.1 ml/min
Reducant and reducing agent	3% (w/v) NaBH ₄ in 0.1% (w/v) NaOH flow rate 0.2 ml min ⁻¹
Carrier gas	Nitrogen (N) flow rate 0.25 ml min ⁻¹
Reaction coil	5 m x 1.0 mm ID.
Sample injection volume	2 ml

Table A- 3 The parameters used for Perkin Elmer FIAS 100 -AAanlyst 800

Parameter	Setting
Wavelength	193.7 nm
Lamp type	EDL
Energy	23-25 mA
Slit width	0.7 nm
Read time	15 sec
Atomization temperature	900 °C
Signal measurement	Peak area
Carrier solution	10 % (v/v) HCl, flow rate 10 ml /min
Reducant	0.3 % (w/v) NaBH ₄ in 0.05% (w/v) NaOH flow rate 7 ml min ⁻¹
Carrier gas	Argon (Ar), flow rate 40 ml/min
Reaction coil (length x I.D.)	10 cm. X 1.0 mm I.D.
Sample injection volume	500 µL
Reducing agent :	Containing solution of 3 % (w/v) KI mixed with 3% (w/v) Ascorbic acid

Table A- 4 Name and GPS position of each sampling site

Village No.	Number	House number	X	Y
Moo.1	1	B470/2	595093	904638
	2	B447/1	594838	904576
	3	B475/1	595314	904539
	4	B409	594663	904555
	5	B465	595560	904503
Moo.2	1	B66	591911	904358
	2	B10	593307	904905
	3	B237	591875	904373
	4	B380/4	592124	904382
	5	B85/1	591825	904357
Moo.8	1	B93	587887	900127
	2	B151	587682	900064
	3	B151/1	587856	900149
	4	B153/2	587209	899931
	5	B156	589333	900462
Moo.9	1	B79/1	595648	906854
	2	B205	595811	906999
	3	B205/1	595744	906194
	4	B201	596035	907046
	5	B76/2	595842	906980
Moo.11	1	B398	593928	910723
	2	B29	593449	911249
	3	B78/4	592685	911910
	4	B20	592014	912422
	5	B16	592288	912170
Moo.12	1	B251/10	593824	903802
	2	B197/1	593924	904414
	3	B251/5	593314	903895
	4	B209	592753	903385
	5	B306/2	593751	904382
Moo.13	1	B340/1	594084	903620
	2	B381	594142	903149
	3	B383/1	594161	903335
	4	B394/1	594472	903663
	5	B397/4	594371	903468
Moo.14	1	B80	592581	901358
	2	B204	592794	901349
	3	B201	593487	901371
	4	B162/1	593621	901362
	5	B79/1	592428	900759

X(Easting) and Y(Northing) are GPS position in WGS84 zone 47N-UTM

Appendix B

The preparation of standard arsenic stock solution, solutions for calibration curve and chemical reagents

Preparation of stock solution:

1000 mg L⁻¹ of arsenate; As(V) stock solution was prepared by dissolving 4.16 g of sodium hydrogen arsenate heptahydrate (Na₂HAsO₄.7H₂O) in DDW and the mixture was then made up to 1000 ml.

Preparation of calibration for AAS Model 5000

The calibration curve was performed at 5, 10, 25, 25, 50 and 75 µg L⁻¹ by diluting stock arsenate standard with 1% HNO₃ (v/v)

Preparation of calibration for FIAS 100-AAanalyst 800

The calibration curve was performed at 1, 2, 4 and 8 µg L⁻¹ by mixing 1 ml of stock arsenate standard (10, 20, 40 and 80 µg L⁻¹) with 1 ml of 6 M HCl and 1 ml of a solution containing 3% (w/v) KI and 3% (w/v) Ascorbic acid. The solution was made up to 10 ml by using 10 %HCl, after 15 min.

Chemical reagent preparations

Perkin Elmer model 5000

Reducing agent: 3% Sodium borohydride solution (NaBH₄) was prepared by dissolving 3.0 g of NaBH₄ powder in 0.1% w/v sodium hydroxide (NaOH)/water in a 100 ml volumetric flask. This NaBH₄ solution was filtered through a 0.45 µm filter prior to use.

Carrier solution: 2M Hydrochloric acid (HCl) was prepared by diluting 165 ml of conc. HCl to 1000 ml by DDW.

Perkin Elmer FIAS 100-AAanalyst 800

Reductant agent: 0.3% Sodium borohydride solution (NaBH₄) was prepared by dissolving 0.3 g of NaBH₄ powder in 0.05% w/v sodium hydroxide (NaOH)/water in a 100 ml volumetric flask.

Carrier solution: 10% (v/v) HCl was prepared by diluting 10 ml of conc. HCl to 100 ml by DDW.

Reducing agent: The mixing between 3% (w/v) of KI mixed with 3% (w/v) of Ascorbic acid was prepared by dissolving 3 g. of KI

Appendix C

Table C- 1 Optimization of carrier gas (argon)

Flow rate (ml min ⁻¹)	Replicated 1	Replicated 2	Replicated 3	Response (Mean ± SD)	%RSD
40	1.678	1.637	1.609	1.641 ± 0.028	1.7
45	1.433	1.425	1.425	1.427 ± 0.004	0.3
50	1.282	1.288	1.282	1.284 ± 0.003	0.2
75	1.172	1.162	1.154	1.163 ± 0.007	0.6

Three replications were performed for each carrier flow rate

Table C- 2 The effect of NaBH₄ concentration on the peak area of arsine

NaBH ₄ conc. % (w/v)	Replicated 1	Replicated 2	Replicated 3	Response (Mean ± SD)	%RSD
0.1	1.08	1.07	1.09	1.077 ± 0.008	0.76
0.3	1.53	1.51	1.52	1.521 ± 0.010	0.63
0.5	1.54	1.57	1.55	1.551 ± 0.013	0.83
0.7	1.36	1.33	1.30	1.330 ± 0.022	1.72

Three replications were performed for each NaBH₄ concentration

Table C- 3 The effect of HCl concentration (%v/v) on the peak height and peak area of arsine

HCl conc. (% v/v)	Peak area	%RSD	Peak height	%RSD
	Mean ± SD		Mean ± SD	
1	1.438 ± 0.009	0.65	0.320 ± 0.003	0.8
5	1.463 ± 0.027	1.83	0.328 ± 0.002	0.6
10	1485 ± 0.003	0.20	0.331 ± 0.002	0.6
15	1.509 ± 0.001	0.05	0.330 ± 0.001	0.2
20	1.535 ± 0.001	0.07	0.328 ± 0.004	1.1

Three replications were performed for each HCl concentration

Table C- 4 The effect of KI/ Ascorbic acid reagent using as reducing agent on the peak area of arsine

KI + Ascorbic acid (%w/v)	Replicated 1	Replicated 2	Replicated 3	Response (Mean ± SD)	%RSD
1+1	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.469 ± 0.002	0.2
3+3	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.543 ± 0.001	0.1
5+5	1.55	1.54	1.55	1.547 ± 0.005	0.3
7+7	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.537 ± 0.001	0.0
9+9	1.52	1.53	1.53	1.528 ± 0.004	0.3

Three replications were performed for each reducing concentration

Table C- 5 The effect of reduction time on the peak area of arsine

Time (minute)	Replicated 1	Replicated 2	Replicated 3	Response (Mean ± SD)	%RSD
0	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.592 ± 0.002	0.4
15	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.446 ± 0.002	0.1
30	1.59	1.55	1.53	1.557 ± 0.022	1.4
45	1.52	1.51	1.50	1.512 ± 0.009	0.6
60	1.55	1.54	1.54	1.544 ± 0.002	0.1
75	1.54	1.56	1.56	1.551 ± 0.007	0.5

Three replications were performed for each reduction time

Table C- 6 The effect of optimization temperature on the peak area of arsine

Temperature (°C)	Replicated	Replicated	Replicated	Response	%RSD
	1	2	3	(Mean ± SD)	
700	0.31	0.32	0.32	0.315 ± 0.006	1.9
750	1.32	1.34	1.33	1.328 ± 0.005	0.4
800	1.54	1.55	1.53	1.542 ± 0.008	0.5
850	1.56	1.55	1.56	1.556 ± 0.006	0.4
900	1.59	1.60	1.59	1.594 ± 0.006	0.3
950	1.51	1.53	1.52	1.520 ± 0.009	0.6

Three replications were performed for each temperature

Table C- 7 Comparison of the method used for extraction

Repeated	Autoclave	Hot Plate
Repeat1	1.17	1.33
Repeat2	1.06	1.24
Repeat3	1.08	1.21
Average	1.10	1.26
Standard deviation (<i>s</i>)	0.06	0.06
%R.S.D.	5.32	5.03

Table C- 8 The result of the standard addition in soil (B_{79/1} M₉)

As concentration ($\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$)	STD curve (Mean \pm SD)	%RSD	STD addition (Mean \pm SD)	%RSD
0	0	-	0.311 \pm 0.018	5.9
1	0.459 \pm 0.012	2.61	0.630 \pm 0.055	8.7
2	0.872 \pm 0.29	3.31	0.979 \pm 0.096	9.8
4	1.658 \pm 0.053	3.19	1.849 \pm 0.039	2.1
8	3.117 \pm 0.078	2.52	3.391 \pm 0.049	1.4

Three replications were performed for each concentration

Table C- 9 The result of the standard addition in *Curcuma Longa*. plant (B_{79/1} M₉)

As concentration ($\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$)	STD curve (Mean \pm SD)	%RSD	STD addition (Mean \pm SD)	%RSD
0	0	-	0.518 \pm 0.008	1.6
1	0.459 \pm 0.012	2.61	0.884 \pm 0.006	0.7
2	0.872 \pm 0.029	3.31	1.217 \pm 0.032	2.6
4	1.658 \pm 0.053	3.19	2.022 \pm 0.004	0.2
8	3.117 \pm 0.078	2.52	-	-

Three replications were performed for each concentration

Table C- 10 The detection limit for arsenic measurement using hydride generation of AAS Perkin Model 5000

Order	Peak Height	Amount of As (5µg L ⁻¹)	Standard deviation
1	3.5	5.62	
2	3.5	5.62	
3	3.0	4.50	
4	3.0	4.50	
5	3.0	4.50	0.54
6	3.0	4.50	
7	3.0	4.50	
8	3.0	4.50	
9	3.0	4.50	
10	3.5	5.62	
DL=3 x 0.54 / 0.4449 = 3.64 µg L ⁻¹			

Table C- 11 The detection limit for arsenic measurement using hydride generation of FIAS 100-AAnalyst 800

Order	Peak Area	Amount of As in reagent blank (µg L ⁻¹)	Standard deviation
1	0.03	0.08	
2	0.03	0.06	
3	0.02	0.05	
4	0.03	0.07	
5	0.02	0.04	0.01
6	0.02	0.06	
7	0.03	0.08	
8	0.03	0.07	
9	0.02	0.06	
10	0.03	0.07	
DL=3 x 0.012 / 0.3801 = 0.09 µg L ⁻¹			

Table C- 12 The % RSD calculation from soil sample (M₁₄B₂₀₄)

Order	As concentration (mg kg ⁻¹)	Average (mg kg ⁻¹)	Stand Deviation	% RSD
1	8.06			
2	8.45			
3	7.96			
4	8.01			
5	7.54	7.88	0.69	8.71
6	7.48			
7	7.87			
8	9.30			
9	7.60			
10	6.49			

RSD = Relative Standard Deviation

Table C- 13 The % RSD calculation from *Carica* sp. (M₂B₁₀)

Order	As concentration (µg g ⁻¹)	Average (µg g ⁻¹)	Stand Deviation	% RSD
1	0.34			
2	0.29			
3	0.28			
4	0.26			
5	0.28	0.29	0.02	8.36
6	0.26			
7	0.30			
8	0.30			
9	0.32			
10	0.27			

RSD = Relative Standard Deviation

Table C- 14 Percent recovery

Soil sample			Plant sample		
sample + spiked	Conc. (mg/kg)	Recovery (%)	sample + spiked	Conc. (ug/g)	Recovery (%)
Real Sample	5.06		Sample	0.13	
Sample + 5 µg l ⁻¹	9.52	94.6	Sample + 0.1 µg l ⁻¹	0.25	111
Sample + 10 µg l ⁻¹	15.3	101	Sample + 0.2 µg l ⁻¹	0.35	106
Sample + 20 µg l ⁻¹	26.7	106	Sample + 0.4 µg l ⁻¹	0.58	110

3 replications of each concentration, % RSD < 7

Table C- 15 Linear dynamic range for AAnalyst 800 and Perkin Elmer Model 5000

FIAS 100-AAnalyst 800	
Concentration (ug/L)	Peak area
0	0.00
1	0.24
2	0.69
4	1.42
6	2.05
8	2.79
10	3.42
12	4.04
14	4.58
16	5.06
18	5.56
20	6.06
30	7.68
40	9.04
50	9.50

Table C- 16 Arsenic concentration in soil samples at the Ronphibun Sub-district

Village number	Sample number	House name	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Mean	Average
High Risk Village						
Moo. 1	1	B470/2	5.06	4.15	4.60	
	2	B447/1	17.8	18.3	18.0	
	3	B475/1	25.1	26.9	26.0	12.7 ± 8.40
	4	B409	11.3	11.0	11.2	
	5	B465	3.79	3.83	3.81	
Moo.2	1	B66	114	129	121	
	2	B10	70.3	62.5	66.4	
	3	B237	68.0	63.1	65.6	107 ± 61.5
	4	B380/4	59.3	60.7	60.0	
	5	B85/1	230	242	221	
Moo. 12	1	B251/10	34.9	37.1	36.0	
	2	B197/1	44.4	47.1	45.8	
	3	B251/5	102	104	103	66.9 ± 27.0
	4	B209	59.8	49.0	54.4	
	5	B306/2	92.1	98.7	95.4	
Moo.13	1	B340/1	90.5	92.6	91.6	
	2	B381	52.3	53.6	52.9	
	3	B383/1	87.5	88.8	88.2	186 ± 161
	4	B394/1	480	501	491	
	5	B397/4	208	204	206	
Low Risk Village						
Moo.8	1	B93	5.59	5.57	5.58	
	2	B151	8.32	8.36	8.34	
	3	B151/1	4.93	4.88	4.91	5.65 ± 1.40
	4	B153/2	4.48	4.23	4.35	
	5	B156	5.10	5.05	5.07	
Moo.9	1	B79/1	4.13	4.07	4.10	
	2	B205	2.77	2.79	2.78	
	3	B205/1	0.66	0.52	0.59	1.83 ± 1.39
	4	B201	1.03	1.09	1.06	
	5	B76/2	0.69	0.54	0.62	
Moo.11	1	B398	8.25	8.65	8.45	
	2	B29	7.32	7.30	7.31	
	3	B78/4	9.41	9.72	9.56	12.2 ± 7.27
	4	B20	9.18	8.99	9.09	
	5	B16	26.9	26.4	26.7	
Moo.14	1	B80	12.7	12.6	12.6	
	2	B204	7.88	7.73	7.81	
	3	B201	11.9	11.7	11.8	8.34 ± 3.37
	4	B162/1	4.96	4.91	4.94	
	5	B79/1	4.54	4.52	4.53	

Table C- 17 Arsenic concentration in edible plants

		Root		Leaves				Fruit						
Name ^a	Name ^b	Alp	Cur.	Oci sp.	Oci san.	Cym	Pol	Ipo	Cit	Musa.	Psi gua	Car	Cap	Arc
High risk Village														
M 1	M ₁ B _{470/2}	2.42				ND	1.00				ND		ND	
	M ₁ B _{447/1}		1.67			ND							ND	
	M ₁ B _{475/1}		1.96	2.22		0.63								
	M ₁ B ₄₀₉			1.81	1.62	0.63								
	M ₁ B ₄₆₅			2.24									ND	
M 2	M ₂ B ₆₆	1.87		0.53		0.97				ND	0.53	1.01	ND	
	M ₂ B ₁₀	0.51										0.31		ND
	M ₂ B ₂₃₇		1.12			ND							0.2	ND
	M ₂ B _{380/4}					0.4								ND
	M ₂ B _{85/1}	0.74			0.49	0.89								
M 13	M ₁₃ B _{340/1}		5.58		0.44	0.38					ND			
	M ₁₃ B ₃₈₁	2.01	7.36		0.95	0.89								
	M ₁₃ B _{383/1}			0.87							0.87			ND
	M ₁₃ B _{394/1}	2.57	0.72	ND							0.53	0.4		
	M ₁₃ B _{397/4}	ND	5.32	4.5						ND				ND
Low risk Village														
M 9	M ₉ B _{79/1}		6.00	ND								0.28		
	M ₉ B ₂₀₅			1.41	ND	ND		1.02				0.26	ND	
	M ₉ B _{205/1}				1.07	ND								
	M ₉ B ₂₀₁			1.84				2.34				ND	ND	
	M ₉ B _{76/2}	0.41		0.86										

Table C-17 Arsenic concentration in edible plants (continue)

Name ^a	Name ^b	Root		Leaves					Fruit					
		Alp	Cur.	Oci sp.	Oci san.	Cym	Pol	Ipo	Cit	Musa.	Psi gua	Car	Cap	Arc
Low risk Village														
M8	M ₈ B ₉₃	0.42		ND		0.43					0.39			
	M ₈ B ₁₅₁	0.61				ND	ND				ND	ND		
	M ₈ B _{151/1}	ND		ND		ND							ND	
	M ₈ B _{153/2}	0.2		0.63		0.53		0.62						
	M ₈ B ₁₅₆		1.01				1.01			ND		ND		
M 11	M ₁₁ B ₃₉₈					0.75				ND				
	M ₁₁ B ₂₉	ND							0.22			ND		
	M ₁₁ B _{78/4}					ND						0.21		
	M ₁₁ B ₂₀					ND				ND		ND		ND
	M ₁₁ B ₁₆	ND												
M 14	M ₁₄ B ₈₀						0.41		0.26					
	M ₁₄ B ₂₀₄	ND					0.52							
	M ₁₄ B ₂₀₁					0.22		0.19						ND
	M ₁₄ B _{162/1}	0.36	1.56	0.64		ND				ND				
	M ₁₄ B _{79/1}			0.54		ND			0.31	ND				

Name^a = Village Name

Name^b = House Name

ND = < 0.001 µg g⁻¹ for AAnalyst 800 and < 0.036 µg g⁻¹ for Perkin Elmer Model 5000

— Analysed by Perkin Elmer AAS AAnalyst 800-FIAS 100 (Thailand), other case were analysed by AAS Perkin Elmer Model 5000 (Denmark)

Alp = *Alpinia* sp.

Ipo = *Ipomoea* sp.

Car = *Carica* sp.

Cur = *Curcuma longa*

Oci sp. = *Ocimum* sp.

Musa. = *Musa* sp.

Arc = *Arece* sp.

Cym = *Cymbopogon* sp.

Pol = *Polyscias* sp.

Psi gua = *Psidium guajava*

Cit = *Citrus* sp.

Oci san. = *Ocimum sanctum* Linn.

Table C- 18 The bioconcentration factor of edible plant sample

		Root		Leaves					Fruit						
Name ^a	Name ^b	Alp	Cur	Oci sp.	Oci s.an	Cym	Pol	Ipo	Cit	Musa	Psi gua	Car	Cap	Arc	
High risk Village															
M 1	M ₁ B _{470/2}	0.53				~0	0.22				~0			~0	
	M ₁ B _{447/1}	0.09				~0								~0	
	M ₁ B _{475/1}		0.08	0.09		0.02									
	M ₁ B ₄₀₉			0.16	0.15	0.06									~0
	M ₁ B ₄₆₅			0.59											
M 2	M ₂ B ₆₆	0.02			~0		0.01			~0	~0	0.01	~0		
	M ₂ B ₁₀	0.01					~0					~0		~0	
	M ₂ B ₂₃₇		0.02					~0							
	M ₂ B _{380/4}						0.01					~0		~0	
	M ₂ B _{85/1}	~0				~0	~0							~0	
M 13	M ₁₃ B _{340/1}			0.06		~0	~0				~0				
	M ₁₃ B ₃₈₁	0.04		0.14		0.02	0.02								
	M ₁₃ B _{383/1}				0.01						0.01			~0	
	M ₁₃ B _{394/1}	0.01		~0	~0						~0	~0			
	M ₁₃ B _{397/4}	~0		0.03	0.02						~0			~0	
Low risk Village															
M8	M ₈ B ₉₃	0.08			~0		0.08					~0			
	M ₈ B ₁₅₁	0.07				~0	~0					~0	~0		
	M ₈ B _{151/1}	~0			~0	~0								~0	
	M ₈ B _{153/2}	0.05			0.14	0.12	0.14	0.20							
	M ₈ B ₁₅₆		0.20								~0		~0		

Table C-18 The bioconcentration factor of edible plant sample (continued)

		Root		Leaves				Fruit							
Name ^a	Name ^b	Alp	Cur	Oci sp.	Oci s.an	Cym	Pol	Ipo	Cit	Musa	Psi gua	Car	Cap	Arc	
M9	M ₉ B _{79/1}			1.46	~0									0.07	
	M ₉ B ₂₀₅			0.51	~0									0.09 ~0	
	M ₉ B _{205/1}			1.81	~0										
	M ₉ B ₂₀₁						2.21						~0 ~0		
	M ₉ B _{76/2}		0.66										1.39		
M 11	M ₁₁ B ₃₉₈							0.09						~0 ~0 0.02 ~0 ~0	
	M ₁₁ B ₂₉														
	M ₁₁ B _{78/4}														
	M ₁₁ B ₂₀														
	M ₁₁ B ₁₆														
M 14	M ₁₄ B ₈₀							0.03							
	M ₁₄ B ₂₀₄														
	M ₁₄ B ₂₀₁							0.02							
	M ₁₄ B _{162/1}	0.07	0.32					0.13							
	M ₁₄ B _{79/1}	0.12													

Name^a = Village Name

Name^b = House Name

~0 = <0.001 µg g⁻¹ for AAnalyst 800 and <0.036 µg g⁻¹ for Perkin Elmer Model 5000

Alp = *Alpinia* sp.

Ipo = *Ipomoea* sp.

Car = *Carica* sp.

Cur. = *Curcuma longa* .

Cit = *Citrus* sp.

Cap = *Capicum* sp.

Oci sp. = *Ocimum* sp.

Musa. = *Musa* sp.

Arc = *Arece* sp.

Cym = *Cymbopogon* sp.

Oci san. = *Ocimum sanctum* Linn.

Pol = *Polyscias* sp

Psi gua = *Psidium guajava*

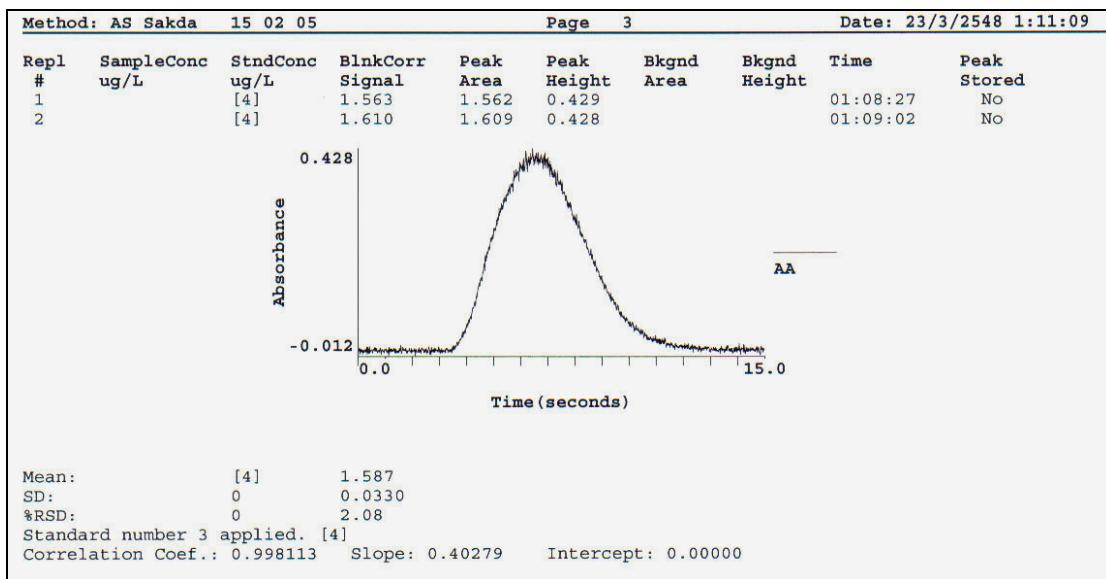
Appendix D

Table D- 1 Total population in Ronphibun Sub-district, Nakhon Si Thammarat

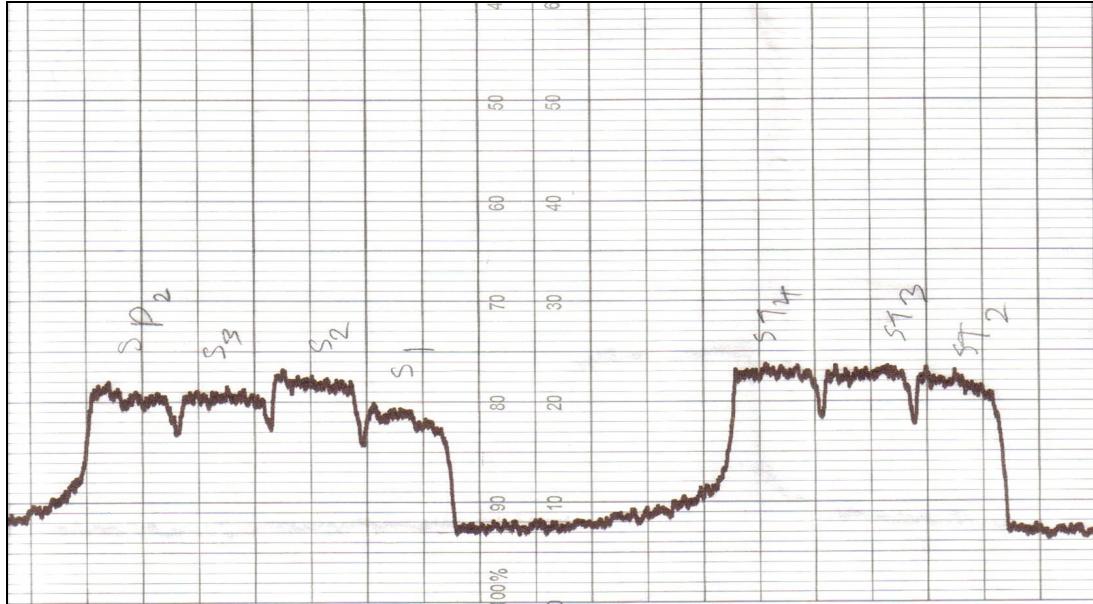
Village / Moo	Men	Women	Total
1	248	272	520
2	1,227	1,241	2468
8	870	932	1,802
9	666	701	1,367
11	434	423	857
12	186	215	401
13	306	360	666
14	380	362	742

Data obtained from Tambon Administrative organization of Ronphibun Sub-district, Ronphibun District, Nakhon Si Thammarat (July 2005)

Appendix E



Peak area measurement for Perkin Elmer model FIAS 100- AAanlyst 800



Peak area measurement for HG-Perkin Elmer model 5000