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#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AC = adenylyl cyclase

ACh = acetylcholine

ATP = adenosinetriphosphate

 $^{\circ}$  C = degree celsius

 $Ca^{2+}$  = calcium ion

 $Ca^{2+}$  = intracellular calcium ion

CaM = calmodulin

CaMKII = Ca<sup>2+</sup>-calmodulin dependent protein kinase II

Cl = chloride ion

cADPR = cyclic ADP ribose

cAMP = cyclic adenosine monophosphate

CICR = calcium-induced calcium release

Cont. = continued

DAG = diacylglycerol

DHPR = dehydropyridine receptor

e.g. = exempli gratia (for example)

ft. = foot

gm = gram

 $H^{\dagger}$  = hydrogen ion

in. = inch

i.p. = intraperitoneally

IP<sub>3</sub> = inositol 1,4,5-triphospate

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS (Cont.)

ISO = Isoproterenol

 $K^{+}$  = potassium ion

 $K_{ca} = Ca^{2+}$ -activated  $K^+$  channel

kg = Kilogram

= liter

M = molar

mg = milligram

 $Mg^{2+}$  = magnesium ion

ml = milliliter

MLC = myosin light chain

MLCK = myosin light chain kinase

mM = millimolar

 $\mu M$  = micromolar

mV = millivolt

% = percent

 $Na^{+}$  = sodium ion

NaCl = sodium chloride

NO = nitric oxide

n = number

nM = nanomolar

OT = oxytocin

p = p value

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS (Cont.)

PIP<sub>2</sub> = phosphatidylinositol diphosphate

PA = papaya leave's alkaloid

PDE = phosphodiesterase

 $PGF_{2\alpha}$  = prostaglandin  $F_{2\alpha}$ 

PKA = protein kinase A

PLC = phospholipase C

PPase = phosphatase

ROC = receptor operated  $Ca^{2+}$  channel

RyRs = ryanodine receptor

S.E. = standard error

SOCs = store-operated Ca<sup>2+</sup> channel

SR = sarcoplasmic reticulum

TEA = tetraethylammonium chloride

VOCs = voltage operated Ca<sup>2+</sup> channels

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