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แบบการใช้คำถามอัตโนมัติประกอบท้ายเรื่อง

จุดประสงค์

เมื่อกำหนดบทความ หรือเนื้อเรื่องภาษาอังกฤษ ให้นักเรียนสามารถแปลความ ตีความ หรือขยายความได้อย่างถูกต้องและเหมาะสม

คำชี้แจง

1. ก่อนที่นักเรียนจะอ่านเนื้อเรื่องที่กำหนดให้ ขอให้นักเรียนดูคำถามแบบอัตโนมัติในตอนท้ายของเนื้อเรื่อง
2. ให้นักเรียนลงมืออ่านเนื้อเรื่องโดยตลอดพร้อมทั้งทำความเข้าใจ
3. ให้นักเรียนตอบคำถามท้ายเรื่องในใจให้หมดทุกข้อ
4. ขอให้นักเรียนอ่านเนื้อเรื่องเพียงเที่ยวเดียว แล้วทำแบบทดสอบวัดความเข้าใจในการอ่านเกี่ยวกับเนื้อเรื่องที่นักเรียนเพิ่งอ่านจบไป โดยห้ามพลิกมาดูเนื้อเรื่อง
5. ขอให้นักเรียนทุกคนพยายามทำความเข้าใจกับเนื้อเรื่องให้ดีและทำแบบทดสอบให้ดีที่สุด ซึ่งผลการทดลองครั้งนี้จะไม่มีผลต่อตัวนักเรียนทั้งสิ้น

Culture : Body Language

People from different countries have different manners. They have different ways of acting in social situations involving friends and strangers.

Maybe you met a man from Egypt, and you noticed how he stood very close to you. When he talked with you, he put his face close to yours and looked into your eyes. Or perhaps you met a woman from Japan and saw that she stood far from you and did not look into your eyes at all.

Even in actions as simple and common as talking and touching, people show the differences between their cultures. Each group of people in the world has its own culture. All areas of life help make up a culture...the language, religion, food, dress... everything. Just as each culture has its own way of dressing, its own food and its own style of speaking, it also has its own special set of manners.

In the Middle East, most Arabs and Egyptian men usually stand close to one another when they talk. Sometimes they put an arm around the shoulder or take the arm of a friend. This is the proper and polite way for Arabs to behave.

In Japan, the men and women do not stand nearly so close to talk to one another. They consider it a sign of respect to stand farther away. Japanese people may not look deeply into the eyes of another person as they talk. This custom is also considered a form of respect. To show respect for their teacher, for example,

students would not look directly into the teacher's eyes when they talk.

In the United States, they show respect for people by looking into the eyes of another person while talking. If someone does not look into their eyes when they talk, they may consider that person to be impolite and perhaps even dishonest!

Something as common and simple as the handshake also shows the different styles among cultures. In the United States, and Western countries, men and women both use the handshake for many reasons... to say hello, goodbye, or thank you, and to congratulate someone. The one rule for shaking hands is that it must be done firmly not too hard. A very weak handshake from either a man or woman is usually unwelcomed in these countries, However, due to different cultures, a soft handshake is often used in many parts of Latin America.

Some countries use the kiss almost as much as handshake. The French people, of course, are famous for kissing on each cheek when they greet a good friend. Many other countries in Europe and some countries in the Middle East also use the kiss to say hello and goodbye on important occasions.

Other people do not kiss on important occasions. Instead the Japanese bow to each other. The depth, or deepness, of the bow depends on the amount of respect they want to show for the other person. If they are greeting someone older or very important, they bow very low.

In Thailand, when we meet someone older or superior we usually "wai" by placing the palms of our both hands together and bow slightly in a gesture of respect.

People in the U.S. can learn about many cultures because the country is made up of people so many different groups. Each group likes to remember its own manners and customs while at the same time learning the customs of the country. American manners are a mixture of many cultures.

No matter how unusual the manners of a group of people seem to be at first, we soon feel comfortable with them. We discover that every culture has its own ways of communicating.

- Why do people from different countries have different manners?
- How do the Japanese act when they show respect to the others?
- When do the people in the United States and other Western countries use the handshake?
- When do the French, the Europeans and the people in the Middle East countries use the kiss?

แบบเนื้อเรื่องธรรมดาจุดประสงค์

เมื่อกำหนดบทความ หรือเนื้อเรื่องภาษาอังกฤษ ให้นักเรียนสามารถแปลความ ตีความ หรือขยายความได้อย่างถูกต้องและเหมาะสม

คำชี้แจง

1. ให้นักเรียนอ่านเนื้อเรื่องที่กำหนดให้พร้อมทั้งทำความเข้าใจเนื้อเรื่องไปโดยตลอด
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3. ขอให้นักเรียนทุกคนพยายามทำความเข้าใจกับเนื้อเรื่องให้ดี และทำแบบทดสอบให้ดี ที่สุด ซึ่งผลการทดลองครั้งนี้จะไม่มีผลต่อตัวนักเรียนทั้งสิ้น

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คำสั่ง จงเลือกคำตอบที่ถูกต้องที่สุดเพียงคำตอบเดียว แล้วทำเครื่องหมาย (X) ทับตัวอักษร (a), (b), (c) หรือ (d) ในกระดาษคำตอบที่กำหนดให้

1. Culture is _____.
 - a. the customs of a nation or people
 - b. special set of manners
 - 7 c. body language, religion, language, food and manners
 - d. all areas of life
2. What is a proper and polite way for Arabs to behave while talking in a group?
 - a. They stand close to one another
 - b. They put an arm around a friend's shoulder
 - c. They take the arm of their friend
 - d. All of a, b, and c.
3. Why may the Japanese not look into the eyes of people when they talk to them?
 - a. To show respect
 - b. To show respect for their teacher
 - c. They want to stand farther away
 - d. They don't want to look into the eyes of another person
4. In the United States, how do Americans show respect toward people?
 - a. By kissing on each cheek
 - b. By shaking of each other's hand
 - c. By looking into the eyes of other people
 - d. By taking the arm of another person.

5. When do the French people kiss on the cheek of each other?
 - a. To say hello.
 - b. To greet a good friend.
 - c. During important occasions.
 - d. To say goodbye.
6. When a Thai student wants to greet his Japanese teacher, how should he do?
 - a. To bow to his teacher.
 - b. To show respect to his teacher.
 - c. To shake hands with his teacher.
 - d. To give his teacher a "wai"
7. People in the United States can learn about many different cultures because _____.
 - a. of American manners
 - b. the country is made up of many customs
 - c. each group of people has its own manners and customs
 - d. the country is a mixture of people from different groups
8. What should you do when you meet someone older or superior than you?
 - a. To shake hands.
 - b. To give a "wai".
 - c. To kiss his cheek.
 - d. To bow to him.

9. Two Americans are talking and then they want to say goodbye.
What should they do?
- They shake each other hand.
 - They hug.
 - They kiss.
 - They bow.
10. What is not the body language?
- To put an arm around your friend's shoulder.
 - To wave your hand.
 - To speak English with an American.
 - To nod your head.
11. What is not a culture?
- The way of dressing.
 - The way of movement.
 - The way of communicating.
 - The way of exploring the other space.
12. Which is not a suitable culture according to the passage?
- A Thai points using the toes when talking with a senior.
 - An American shakes hands with his teacher
 - The French kiss each other on the road
 - An Arab hugs around his friend's shoulder
13. Why should we have body language?
- To communicate.
 - To set the manners.
 - To show respect.
 - All of a, b and c.

14. What can body language communicate?
- a. proper manners
 - b. respect
 - c. understanding
 - d. all of a, b and c.
15. What is the main idea of this article?
- a. The understanding of the body language helps us learn about other people.
 - b. Body movements show different manners and cultures of a nation or people.
 - c. Every culture has its own ways of communicating.
 - d. Americans have different manners.