

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction

Mangifera is in the family Anacardiaceae. The genus *Mangifera* contains about 70 species. Twenty species have been found in Thailand, they are shown as follow: (Wichan, *et al.*, 2000).

<i>M. caloneura</i> , Kurz.	<i>M. lagenifera</i> , Griff.
<i>M. caesia</i> , Jack.	<i>M. laurina</i> , Griff.
<i>M. cochinchinesis</i> , Griff.	<i>M. longipetiolata</i> , Griff.
<i>M. collina</i> , Griff.	<i>M. linearifolia</i> , Hook.
<i>M. flava</i> , Roxb.	<i>M. macrocarpa</i> , Hook.
<i>M. foetida</i> , Lour.	<i>M. oblongifolia</i> , Hook.
<i>M. gedebe</i> , Linn.	<i>M. odorata</i> , Griff.
<i>M. gracilipes</i> , Hook.	<i>M. pentandra</i> , Hook.
<i>M. griffithii</i> , Hook.	<i>M. quadrifida</i> , Jack.
<i>M. indica</i> , Linn.	<i>M. sylvatica</i> , Roxb

Mangifera odorata Griff. is known as Mamuang pa มะม่วงป่า, Kinning (Narathiwat) กิณนิง, Mamuang ching rit มะม่วงจิ้งหรีด (Smitinand, 2001). It is a large-size tree about 100 feet high. Leaves are coriaceous, oblong or elliptic-lanceolate acute and acuminate, reticulate on both sides, base cuneate; nerves prominent 20 pairs, 6 to 9 inches long, 2 to 4 inches wide; petioles 1.25 to 1.75 inches long. Panicles are 8 inches long with branches sepals 5 cm., ovate-oblong, red. Petals are 5, 3 cm. times as long, oblong, yellow edged rose, ridge 3 cm. confluent, yellow. Stemens are 2 cm. nearly as long, white anthers black; staminodes short, white tipped rose. Fruits are oblong, yellowish green with yellow flesh (Hooker, 1879).



Figure 1 *Mangifera odorata* Griff.

1.2 Literature review

1.2.1 Chemical constituents from *Mangifera* species

According to the informations from NAPRALERT database, Science direct, Chemical Abstracts, Med plant database and Dictionary of Natural products, benzenoids, coumarins, flavonoids, flavonols, monoterpenes, sesquiterpenes, triterpenes, steroids, and xanthones were chemical constituents found in *Mangifera* genus (**Table 1**).

Table 1 Compounds isolated from *Mangifera* species

a: Benzenoids b: Coumarins c: Flavonoids
 d: Flavonols e: Monoterpenes f: Sesquiterpenes
 g: Steroids h: Triterpenes i: Xanthones

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
<i>M. indica</i> Barks	Amentoflavone 1c Mangiferin 2i	Khan, <i>et al.</i> , 1992 Nott, <i>et al.</i> , 1967 Pharm, <i>et al.</i> , 1991
Flowers	4-Phenyl- <i>n</i> -butyl gallate 1a 6-Phenyl- <i>n</i> -hexyl gallate 2a <i>n</i> -Octyl gallate 4a <i>n</i> -Pentyl gallate 3a <i>n</i> -Propyl gallate 5a	Khan, <i>et al.</i> , 1989
Fruits	β -Myrcene 8e β -Sitosterol 1g <i>cis</i> -Ocimene 10e Catechin 2c	Bandyopadhyay, <i>et al.</i> , 1983 Cojocar, <i>et al.</i> , 1986 Gholap, <i>et al.</i> , 1977 Joel, <i>et al.</i> , 1978

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
	Caryophyllene 3f Paeonidin-3-galactoside 4c	Macleod, <i>et al.</i> , 1982
Fruits Peel	3 β ,20-Diol-taraxastane 36h 3-Oxo-taraxastane-20(<i>R</i> or <i>S</i>)-ol 35h β -Sitosterol 1g Mangiferin 2i Paeonidin-3-galactoside 4c	Cojocar, <i>et al.</i> , 1986 Tanaka, <i>et al.</i> , 1984
Fruits Pulp	α -Pinene 11e γ -Terpinene 17e Valenecene 8f Caryophyllene 3f <i>p</i> -Cymene 5e α -Humulene 7f Ocimene 9e α -Phelladrene 14e β -Phelladrene 13e	Craveiro, <i>et al.</i> , 1980 Macleod, <i>et al.</i> , 1982
Kernels	β -Amyrin 2h α -Amyrin 1h Canophyllol 11h Cycloartenone 5h Friedelin 8h Lophenol 6h Lupeol 7h 3-Oxo-25(<i>R</i>)-24-methylene- cycloartan-26-ol 20h Paeonidin-3-galactoside 4c	Gaydou, <i>et al.</i> , 1984

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
	Stigmast-7-en-3 β -ol 2g Stigmasterol 3g β -Sitosterol 1g	
Latex (stem)	α -Amyrin 2h β -Amyrin 1h Canophyllol 11h Cycloartenone 5h 23(<i>R</i>)-Hydroxy-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid 18h 23(<i>R</i> or <i>S</i>)-Hydroxy-3-oxo-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid 17h Lupeol 7h β -Sitosterol 1g Stigmasterol 3g	Bandyopdadhay, <i>et al.</i> , 1985
Leaves	Lupeol 7h β -Sitosterol 1g Taraxerol 38h Aromadendrene 1f β -Bulnesene 5f δ -Cadinene 2f Camphene 1e Cycloartenone 11h Euxanthone 1i β -Pinene 12e α -Terpinolene 15e α -Amirone 42h β -Amirone 41h Friedelin 8h	Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1982 Craveiro, <i>et al.</i> , 1980 Gaydo, <i>et al.</i> , 1984

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
	Lophenol 6h	Griffith, <i>et al.</i> , 1959
	β -Caryophyllene 3f	Hu, <i>et al.</i> , 1994
	Gallic acid 6a	Lu, <i>et al.</i> , 1982
	Glochidonol 43h	
	β -Pinene 12e	
	Car-3-ene 3e	Nigam, 1962
	Indicoside A 39h	
	Indicoside B 40h	
	Mangiferonic acid 34h	
	Mangiferin 2i	
	Sabinene 19e	
	α -Thujene 18e	
	Mangiferin-6'- <i>O</i> -gallate 5i	Pharm, <i>et al.</i> , 1982
	β -Ocimene 9e	
	α -Pinene 11e	
	Euxanthone 1i	Proctor, <i>et al.</i> , 1969
	Quercetin 6d	
	Catechin-3- <i>O</i> -gallate 3c	Tanaka, <i>et al.</i> , 1984
	α -Copaene 4f	Craveiro, <i>et al.</i> , 1980
	Friedelin 8h	
	Gallic acid 6a	
	Humulene 7f	
	Linalool 7e	
	Rutin 7d	
	Sabinene 19e	
	Taraxerone 14h	
	γ -Terpinene 17e	

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
Panicles	δ -Camphene 14e β -Bulnesene 5f Cadinene 2f Gallic acid 3b Manghopanal 37h Mangiferin 2i Ellagic acid 3b Lupeol 7h β -Sitosterol 1g	Craveiro, <i>et al.</i> , 1980 Maheswari, <i>et al.</i> , 1975
Roots	β -Sitosterol 1g 3-Hydroxy-2-(4'-methyl-benzoyl) chromone 1b 3-Methoxy-2-(4'-methyl-benzoyl) chromone 2b Cycloartanol 4h	Khan, <i>et al.</i> , 1994
Root Barks	α -Amyrin 2h Mangiferolic acid 53h Mangiferonic acid 34h β -Sitosterol 1g Mangiferin 2i Manghopanal 37h 23(<i>S</i>)-Hydroxy-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid 19h	Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1982 Gupta, <i>et al.</i> , 1999
Seeds	3-Oxo-25(<i>R</i>)-24-methylene-cycloartan-26-ol 20h 3-Oxo-25(<i>R</i>)-24-methylene-cycloartane 21h	Kolhe, <i>et al.</i> , 1982

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
Shoots	Amentoflavone 1c Friedelan-3 β -ol 9h Kaempferol 5d Lupenone 6h Lupeol 7h 3- <i>O</i> -Methyl ether myricetin 3d Methyl ether quercetin 4d Isoquercetin 2d 1,3,5,6,7-Pentamethoxyxanthone 3i 1,3,6,7,8-Pentahydroxyxanthone 4i	Ghosal, <i>et al.</i> , 1978
Stem Barks	α -Amyrin 2h 24-Methylene cycloartanol 49h Cycloartenone 5h Friedelan-3 β -ol 9h Friedelin 8h 6 β -Hydroxy-stigmast-4-en-3-one 7g 3 β ,24(<i>R</i>),25-Triolcycloartane 45h β -Amyrin 2h Cycloartenol 4h Canophyllol 11h 23(<i>R</i>)-Hydroxy-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid 18h Daucosterol 4g Ambonic acid 23h 3 β ,26-Diol-cycloart-24-ene 58h 3 β ,24(<i>R</i>)-Diol-cycloart-25-ene 25h 3 β ,20(<i>S</i>)-Diol-dammar-24-ene 50h	Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1999 Khan, <i>et al.</i> , 1994 Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1999; 1993; 1989; 1985 Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1995 Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1994

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
	3 β ,24-Diol-24-methylenecycloartane 48h	
	Friedelan-3 β -ol 9h	
	Hydroxymangiferolic acid 52h	
	β -Sitosterol 1g	
	Ambolic acid 24h	Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1989
	Cycloart-23-en-3 β ,25-diol 54h	
	3 β -Hydroxy-cycloart-24-en-26-al 55h	
	23-(<i>R</i> or <i>S</i>)-Hydroxy-3-oxo-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid 44h	
	3 β ,23-(<i>R</i>)-Hydroxy-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid 56h	
	3 β ,23-(<i>S</i>)-Hydroxy-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid 57h	
	3 α ,22-Dihydroxy-cycloart-trans-24-en-26-oic acid 29h	
	3 α ,27-Dihydroxy-cycloart-trans-24-en-26-oic acid 30h	
	3 β ,22-Dihydroxy-cycloart-trans-24-en-26-oic acid 31h	
	3 β ,23-dihydroxy-cycloart-trans-24-en-26-oic acid 32h	
	3 β ,24,27-Triol-24-epi-cycloart-25-ene 28h	
	3 β ,24,25-Triol-cycloartane 47h	
	3 β ,24(<i>S</i>)-Diol-cycloart-25-ene 26h	Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> ,

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
	3 β ,24,27-Triol-cycloart-25-ene 27h 3 β ,24(<i>S</i>),25-Triol-cycloartane 46h 3 β ,24,25-Triol-cycloartane 47h 20(<i>S</i>),26-Diol-3-keto-dammarane- trans-24-ene 51h Cycloart-23-en-3 β ,25-diol 54h Indicoside A 39h	1985 Khan, <i>et al.</i> , 1993
<i>M. indica</i> <i>cv. chausa</i> Stem barks	Friedelin 8h Mangopanal 37h Mangiferin 2i Mangiferonic acid 34h Mangoleanone 33h Taraxerol 38h 3 β ,24,27-Triol-24-epi-cycloart-25- ene 28h	Sharma, <i>et al.</i> , 1994
<i>M. indica</i> <i>cv. chittoor</i> Part not specified	Cycloartenol 4h Cycloartenone 5h 3 β ,24(<i>R</i>)-Diol-cycloart-25-ene 25h 3 β ,24(<i>S</i>)-Diol-cycloart-25-ene 26h 3 β ,26-Diol-24-methylene-cycloart- ane 43h 6 β -Hydroxy-stigmast-4,22-diene- 3-one 8g	Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1992

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
	6 β -Hydroxy-stigmast-4-en-3-one 7g Mangiferonic acid 34h Manglupenone 33h Progesterone 6g β -Sitosterol 1g	
<i>M. indica</i> <i>cv. desi</i> Stem barks	Mangdesisterol 9g 3 β ,26-Diol-24-methylene-cycloart- ane 22h Mangfarnesolic acid 34h Taraxerol 38h 3 α ,27-Dihydroxy-cycloart-trans-24- en-26-oic acid 30h 3 β ,22-Dihydroxy-cycloart-trans-24- en-26-oic acid 31h	Sharma, <i>et al.</i> , 1995 Sharma, <i>et al.</i> , 1992
<i>M. indica</i> <i>cv. dusehri</i> Stem barks	Mangcoumarin 5b Methyl mangiferolic acid 13h Manglupenone 33h Mangdessisterol 9g 3 α -Taraxastane 16h Friedelan-3 β -ol 9h Friedelan-3 α -ol 10h Friedelin 8h	Sharma, <i>et al.</i> , 1993

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
	Mangiferolic acid 53h Hydroxy mangiferolic acid 52h Mangiferonic acid 34h β -Sitosterol 1g 6 β -Hydroxy-stigmast-4-en-3-one 7g 3 β -6 α -Diol-5 α -stigmastane 36h	
<i>M. indica</i> <i>cv. keitt</i> Fruits	Car-3-ene 3e <i>p</i> -Cymene 5e β -Myrcene 8e α -Phelladrene 13e β -Phelladrene 14e α -Pinene 11e α -Terpinolene 15e	Mac leod, <i>et al.</i> , 1985
<i>M. indica</i> <i>cv. kensington</i> Fruits	γ -Cadinene 2f Camphene 1e Car-2-ene 2e Car-3-ene 3e β -Caryophyllene 3f α -Copaene 4f <i>p</i> -Cymene 5e <i>p</i> -Geranial 6e	Hermano, <i>et al.</i> , 1934

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
	α -Humulene 7f Linalool 7e β -Myrcene 8e <i>cis</i> -Ocimene 10e β -Phelladrene 13e Sabinene 19e α -Terpinene 16e γ -Terpinene 17e α -Terpinolene 15e α -Thujene 18e	
<i>M. indica</i> <i>cv. tommyatkins</i> Fruits	Car-2-ene 2e Car-3-ene 3e β -Caryophyllene 3f α -Copaene 4f <i>p</i> -Cymene 5e α -Humulene 7f Linalool 7e β -Myrcene 8e α -Phellandrene 13e α -Pinene 11e β -Pinene 12e α -Terpinolene 15e	Hermano, <i>et al.</i> , 1934

Table 1 (continued)

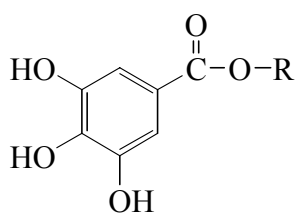
Scientific name	Compound	Reference
<i>M. indica</i> <i>l/fusarium</i> <i>moniliforme</i> Florets	Gallic acid 6a Mangiferin 2i Pregnenolone 5g Progesterone 6g 1,3,6,7-Tetrahydroxyxanthone 4i	Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1994
<i>M. indica</i> <i>Varieties</i> Leaves, seed and twigs	Amentoflavone 1c Ellagic acid 3b Fisetin 1d Gallic acid 6a <i>p</i> -Geranial 6e Mangiferin 2i Quercetin 6d Trifolin 8d	Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1998
<i>M. persiciformis</i> Leaves	Friedelin 8h Mangiferin 2i Quercetin 6d β -Sitosterol 1g Taraxerol 38h	Khan, <i>et al.</i> , 1993
<i>M. sylvatica</i> Stem barks	Cycloartenol 4h Friedelan-3 β -ol 9h	Anjaneyulu, <i>et al.</i> , 1994

Table 1 (continued)

Scientific name	Compound	Reference
	Friedelin 8h Olean-12-en-3 β ,11 α -diol 3h β -Sitosterol 1g	

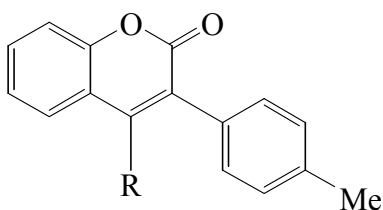
Structures of compounds from *Mangifera* species

a. Benzenoids

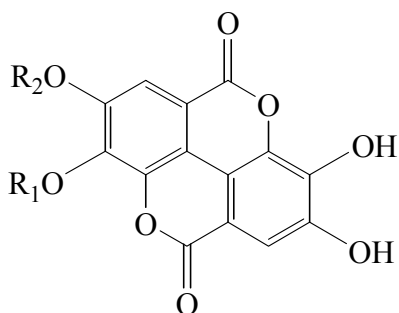


- 1a** : R = 4-phenyl-*n*-butyl :
4-Phenyl-*n*-butyl gallate
2a : R = 6-phenyl-*n*-hexyl :
6-Phenyl-*n*-hexyl gallate
3a : R = *n*-pentyl : *n*-Pentyl gallate
4a : R = *n*-octyl : *n*-Octyl gallate
5a : R = *n*-propyl : *n*-Propyl gallate
6a : R = H : Gallic acid

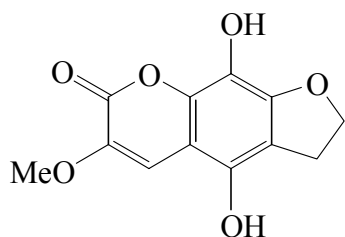
b. Coumarins



- 1b** : R = OH : 3-Hydroxy-2-(4'-methyl-benzoyl) chromone
2b : R = OMe : 3-Methoxy-2-(4'-methyl-benzoyl) chromone

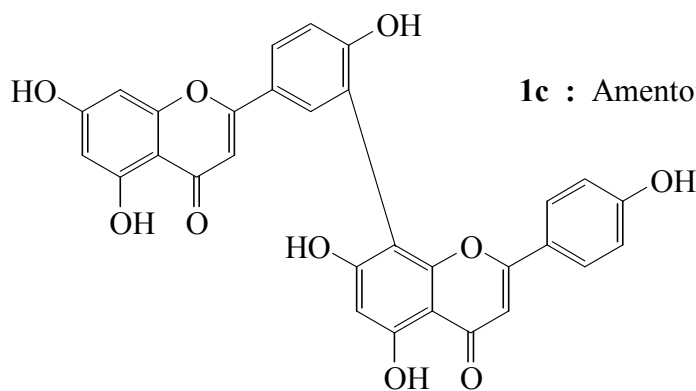


- 3b** : R₁, R₂ = H: Ellagic acid
4b : R₁, R₂ = CH₃: 3,4,Di-*O*-methyl ellagic acid

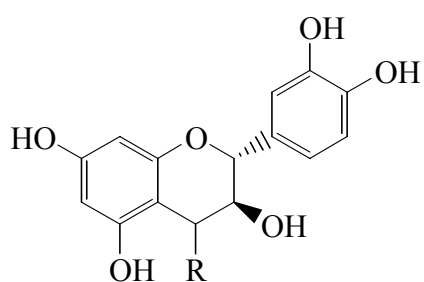


5b : Mangcoumarin

c. Flavonoids

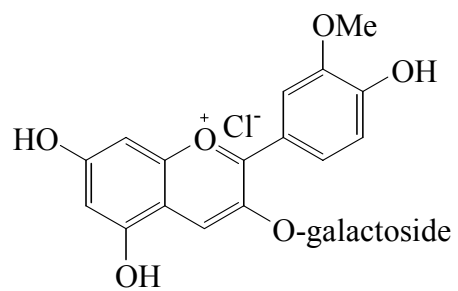


1c : Amentoflavone



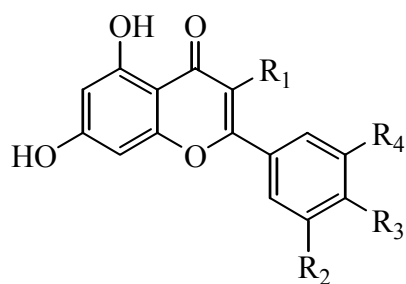
2c : R = H : Catechin

3c : R = *O*-gallate : Catechin-3-*O*-gallate

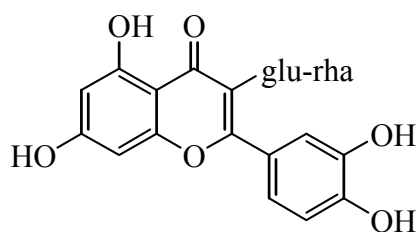


4c : Paeonidin-3-galactoside

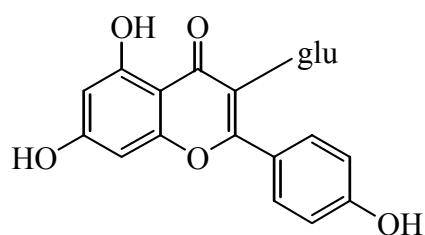
d. Flavonols



- 1d** : R₁ = OH, R₂ = H, R₃ = OH,
R₄ = OH : Fisetin
- 2d** : R₁ = *O*-Glucosyl, R₂ = H, R₃ = OH,
R₄ = OH : Isoquercetin
- 3d** : R₁ = OMe, R₂ = OH, R₃ = OH,
R₄ = *O*-Glucosyl : 3-*O*-Methyl ether
myricetin
- 4d** : R₁ = OMe, R₂ = H, R₃ = OH,
R₄ = OH : Methyl ether quercetin
- 5d** : R₁ = OH, R₂ = H, R₃ = OH,
R₄ = H : Kaempferol
- 6d** : R₁ = OH, R₂ = OH, R₃ = OH,
R₄ = H : Quercetin

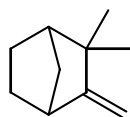


7d : Rutin

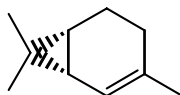


8d : Trifolin

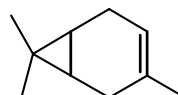
e. Monoterpenes



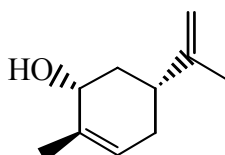
1e: Camphene



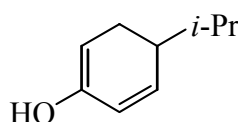
2e: Car-2-ene



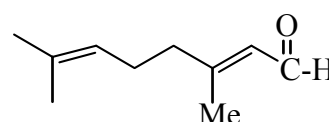
3e: Car-3-ene



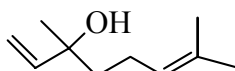
4e: Carveol



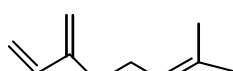
5e: *p*-Cymene



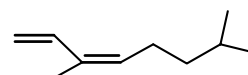
6e: *p*-Geranal



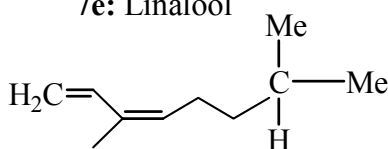
7e: Linalool



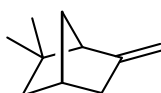
8e: β -Myrcene



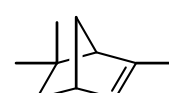
9e: β -Ocimene



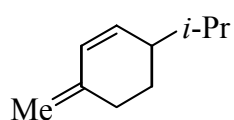
10e: *cis*-Ocimene



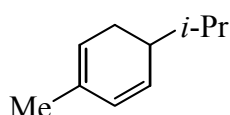
11e: α -Pinene



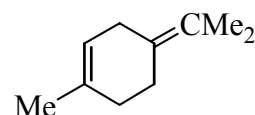
12e: β -Pinene



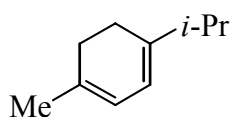
13e: β -Phelladrene



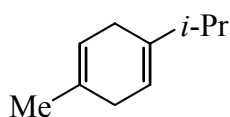
14e: α -Phelladrene



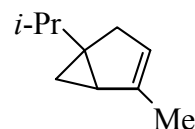
15e: α -Terpinolene



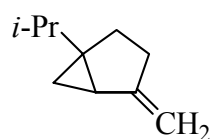
16e: α -Terpinene



17e: γ -Terpinene

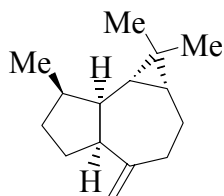


18e: α -Thujene

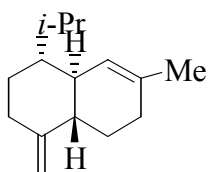


19e: Sabinene

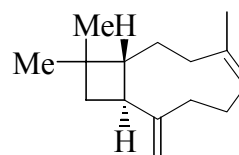
f. Sesquiterpenes



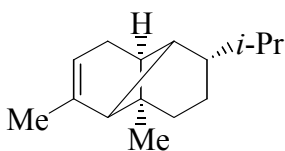
1f : Aromadendrene



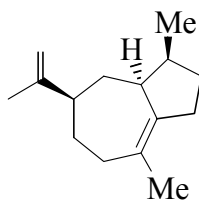
2f : δ -Cadinene



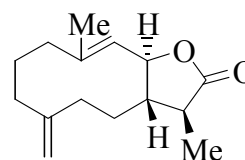
3f : β -Caryophyllene



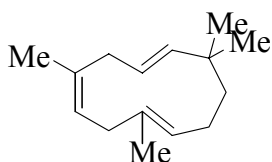
4f : α -Copaene



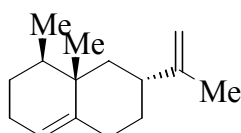
5f : β -Bulnesene



6f : α -Gallicin

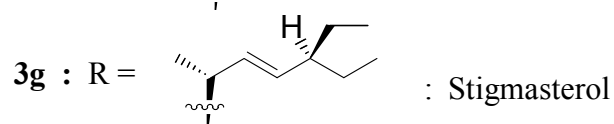
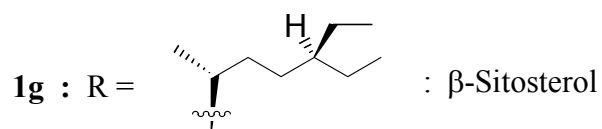
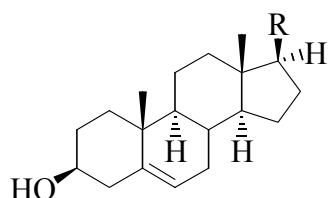


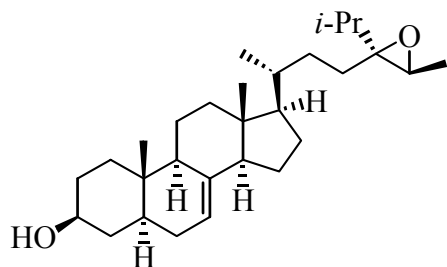
7f : α -Humulene



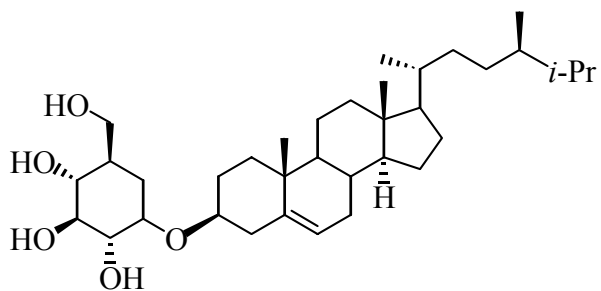
8f : Valencene

g. Sterioids

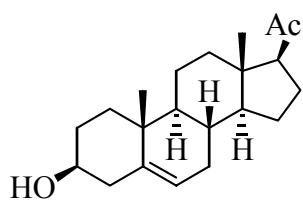




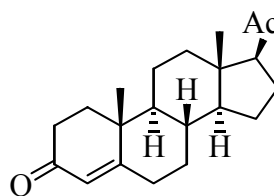
2g : Stigmast-7-en-3 β -ol



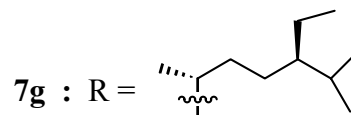
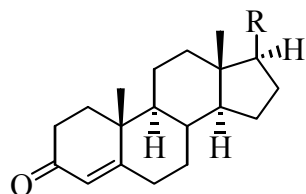
4g : Daucosterol



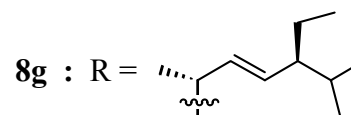
5g : Pregnenolone



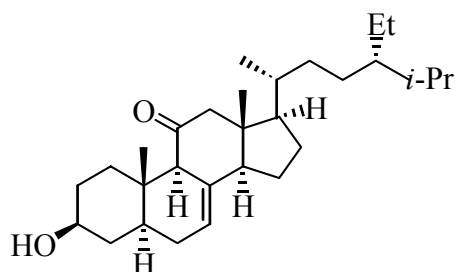
6g : Progesterone



6 β -Hydroxy-stigmat-4-en-3-one

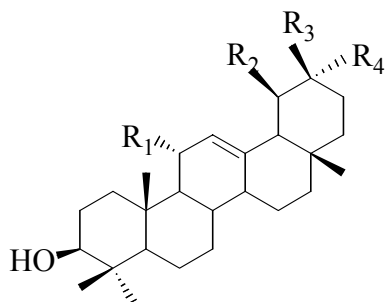


6 β -Hydroxy-stigmat-4,22-dien-3-one



9g : Mangdessisterol

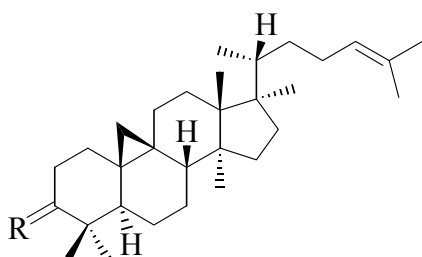
h. Triterpenes



1h : R₁ = H, R₂ = H, R₃ = Me, R₄ = Me :
β-Amyrin

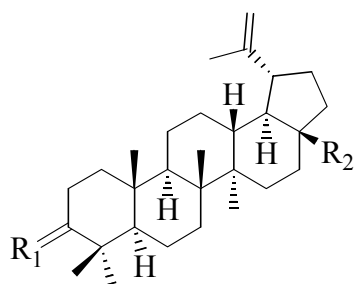
2h : R₁ = H; R₂ = H; R₃ = H; R₄ = Me :
α-Amyrin

3h : R₁ = OH, R₂ = H, R₃ = Me, R₄ = Me :
Olean-12-en-3β,11α-diol



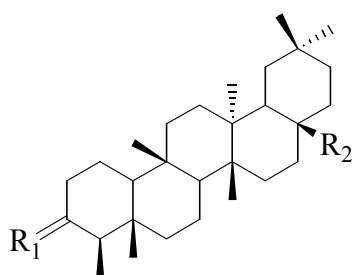
4h : R = α-H, β-OH : Cycloartenol

5h : R = O : Cycloartenone



6h : R₁ = O, R₂ = Me :
Lupenone

7h : R₁ = α-H β-OH, R₂ = Me :
Lupeol

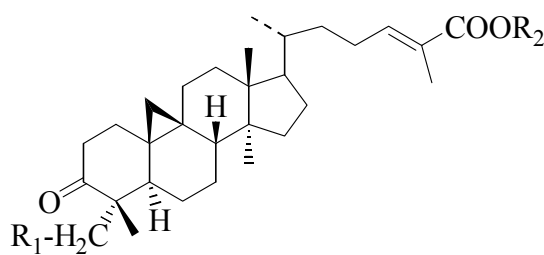


8h : R₁ = O, R₂ = Me : Fridelin

9h : R₁ = α-H β-OH, R₂ = Me :
Friedelan-3β-ol

10h : R₁ = β-H, α-OH, R₂ = Me :
Friedelan-3α-ol

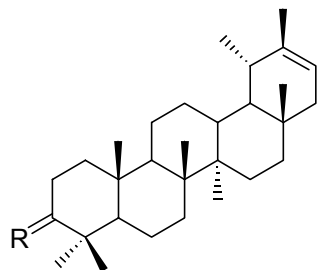
11h : R₁ = O, R₂ = CH₂OH
Canophyllol



12h : R₁ = OH, R₂ = H :
3-Oxo-29-hydroxy-24-*E*-
en-26-oic acid

13h : R₁ = H, R₂ = Me :
Methyl ester mangiferolic acid

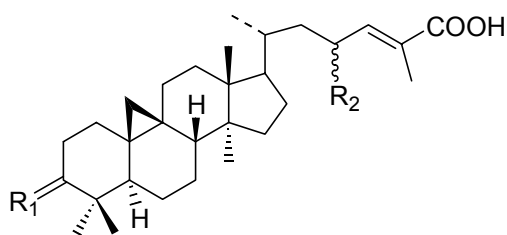
53h : R₁ = H, R₂ = H :
Mangiferolic acid



14h: R = O: Taraxerone

15h: R = α -H, β -OH: β -Taraxastane

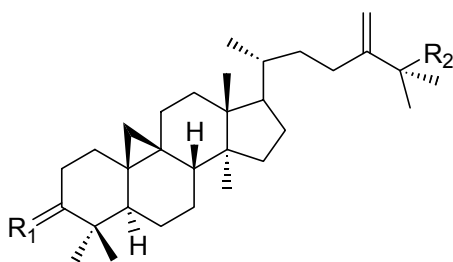
16h: R = β -H, α -OH: α -Taraxastane



17h: R₁ = O; R₂ = OH (*R* or *S*): 23(*R* or *S*)-Hydroxy-3-oxo-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid

18h: R₁ = α -H, β -OH; R₂ = OH (*R*): 23(*R*)-Hydroxy-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid

19h: R₁ = β -H, α -OH; R₂ = OH (*S*): 23(*S*)-Hydroxy-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid



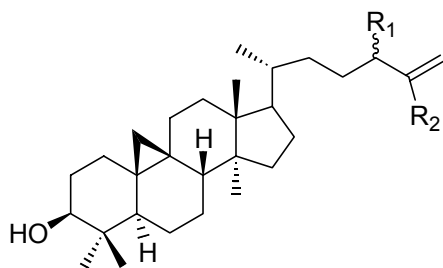
20h: R₁ = O; R₂ = CH₂OH: 3-Oxo-25(*R*)-24-methylene-cycloartan-26-ol

21h: R₁ = O; R₂ = CH₃: 3-Oxo-25(*R*)-24-methylene-cycloartane

22h: R₁ = α -H, β -OH; R₂ = CH₂OH
3 β ,26-Diol-24-methylene-cycloartane

23h: R₁ = O; R₂ = CO₂H: Ambonic acid

24h: R₁ = α -H, β -OH, R₂ = CO₂H
: Ambolic acid

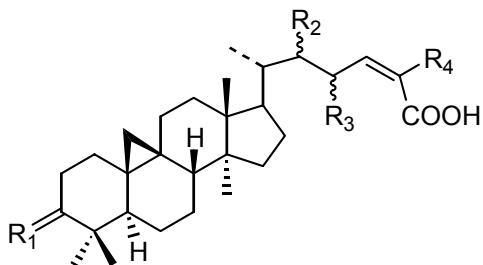


25h: R₁ = OH; R₂ = Me
: 3 β ,24(*R*)-Diol-cycloart-25-ene

26h: R₁ = OH; R₂ = Me
: 3 β ,24(*S*)-Diol-cycloart-25-ene

27h: R₁, R₂ = OH
: 3 β ,24,27-Triol-cycloart-25-ene

28h: R₁, R₂ = OH
: 3 β ,24,27-Triol-24-epi-cycloart-25-ene

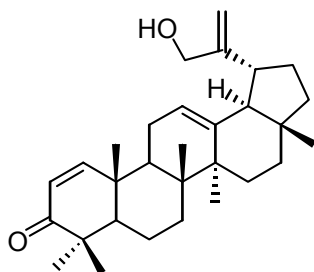


29h: $R_1 = \beta\text{-H}, \alpha\text{-OH}; R_2 = \text{OH}; R_3 = \text{H};$
 $R_4 = \text{Me}: 3\alpha,22\text{-Dihydroxy-cycloart-}$
 $\text{trans-24-en-26-oic acid}$

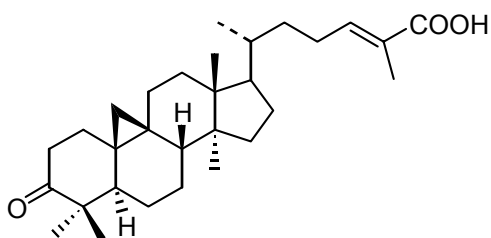
30h: $R_1 = \alpha\text{-H}, \beta\text{-OH}; R_2 = \text{H}; R_3 = \text{H};$
 $R_4 = \text{H}: 3\alpha,27\text{-Dihydroxy-cycloart-}$
 $\text{trans-24-en-26-oic acid}$

31h: $R_1 = \alpha\text{-H}, \beta\text{-OH}; R_2 = \text{OH}; R_3 = \text{H};$
 $R_4 = \text{Me}: 3\beta,22\text{-Dihydroxy-cycloart-}$
 $\text{trans-24-en-26-oic acid}$

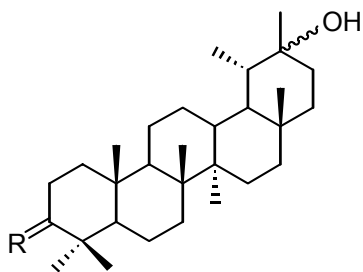
32h: $R_1 = \alpha\text{-H}, \beta\text{-OH}; R_2 = \text{H}; R_3 = \text{OH};$
 $R_4 = \text{Me}: 3\beta,23\text{-Dihydroxy-cycloart-}$
 $\text{trans-24-en-26-oic acid}$



33h: Manglupenone

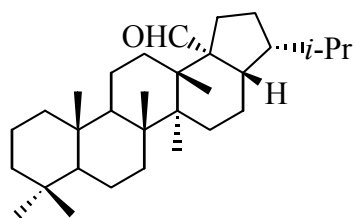
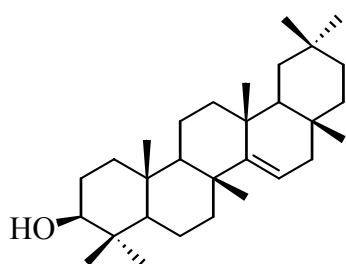
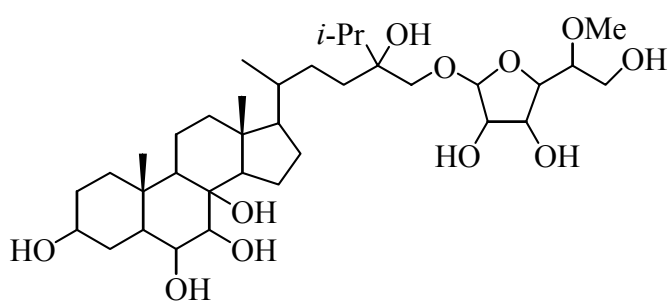
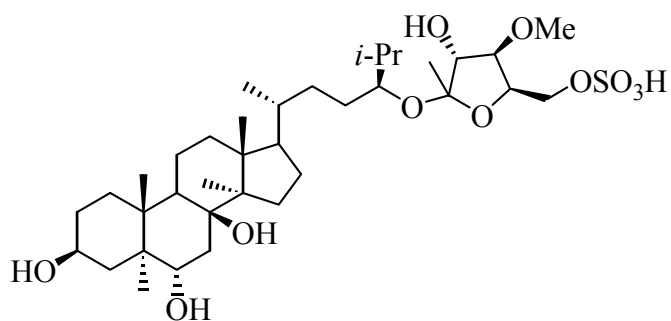


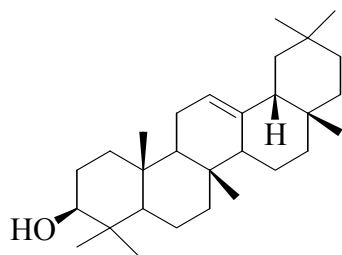
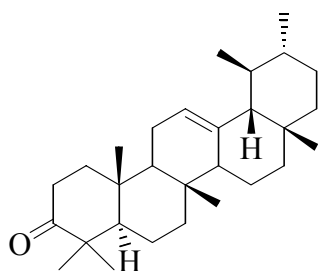
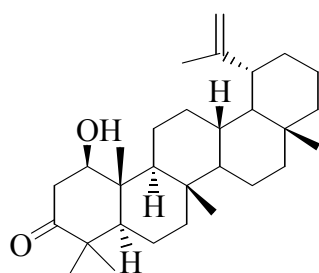
34h: Mangiferonic acid



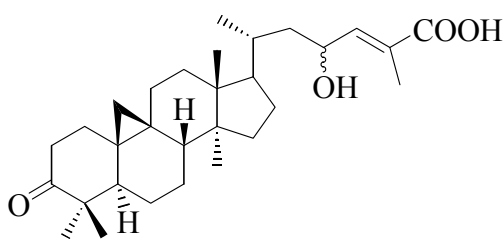
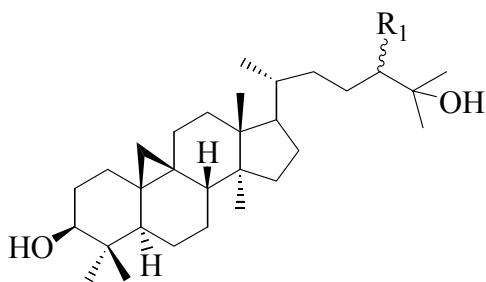
35h: $R = \text{O}: 3\text{-Oxo-taraxastane-}$
 $20(R \text{ or } S)\text{-ol}$

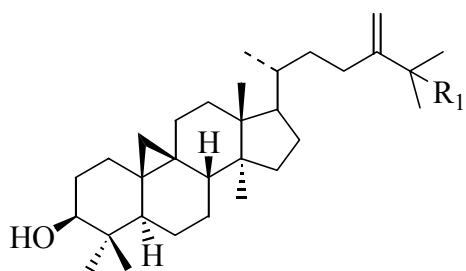
36h: $R = \alpha\text{-H}, \beta\text{-OH}:$
 $3\beta,20\text{-Diol-taraxastane}$

**37h:** Manghopanal**38h:** Taraxerol**39h:** Indicoside A**40h:** Indicoside B

41h : β -Aminrone42h : α -Amirone

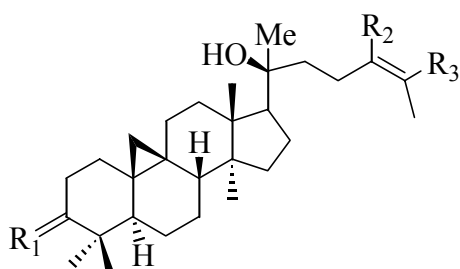
43h : Glochidonol

44h : 23(*R* or *S*)-Hydroxy-3-oxo-cycloart-24-en-26-oic acid45h : $R_1 = \text{OH}(\textit{R})$: 3 β ,24(*R*),25-Triol-cycloartane46h : $R_1 = \text{OH}(\textit{S})$: 3 β ,24(*S*),25-Triol-cycloartane47h : $R_1 = \text{OH}$: 3 β ,24,25-Triol-cycloartane



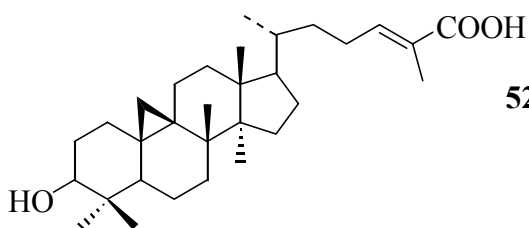
48h : $R_1 = \text{OH}$: 3 β ,26-Diol-24-methylene-cycloartane

49h : $R_1 = \text{H}$: 24-Methylene-cycloartane

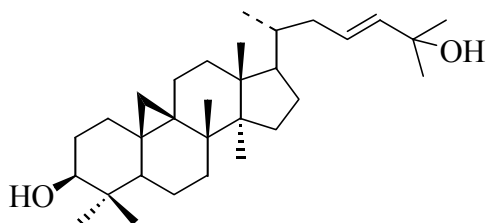


50h : $R_1 = \alpha\text{-H}$ $\beta\text{-OH}$, $R_2 = \text{H}$, $R_3 = \text{Me}$:
3 β ,20(*S*)-Diol-demmar-24-ene

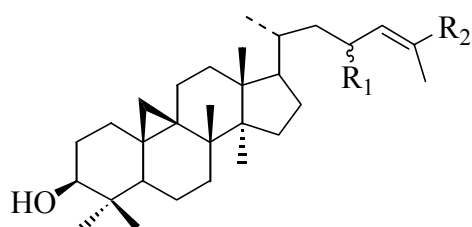
51h : $R_1 = \text{O}$, $R_2 = \text{Me}$, $R_3 = \text{OH}$:
20(*S*),26-Dial-3-keto-dammarane-
trans-24-ene



52h : Hydroxy mangiferolic acid



54h : Cycloartane-23-en-3 β ,25-diol



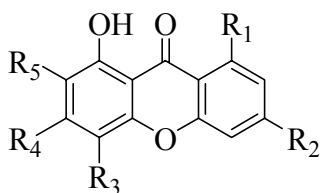
55h : $R_1 = \text{H}$, $R_2 = \text{CHO}$:
3 β -Hydroxy-cycloart-24-
en-26-al

56h : $R_1 = \text{OH}(R)$, $R_2 = \text{COOH}$:
3 β ,23(*R*)-Hydroxy-cycloart-24-
en-26-oic acid

57h : $R_1 = \text{OH}(S)$, $R_2 = \text{COOH}$:
3 β ,23(*S*)-Hydroxy-cycloart-24-
en-26-oic acid

58h : $R_1 = \text{OH}$, $R_2 = \text{OH}$:
3 β ,26-Dihydroxy-cycloart-24-ene

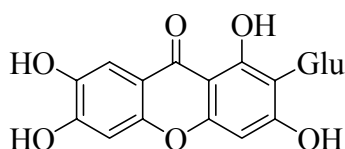
i. Xanthenes



1i : R₁, R₅ = OH, R₂, R₃, R₄ = H :
Euxanthone

3i : R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅ = OCH₃ :
1,3,5,6,7-Pentamethoxyxanthone

4i : R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅ = OH :
1,3,6,7,8-Pentahydroxyxanthone



2i : R = OH : Mangiferin

5i : R = *O*-gallate : Mangiferin-6'-*O*-gallate

1.2.2 Biological activities of *Mangifera* species

Various species of genus *Mangifera* (Anacardiaceae) have been used in the folk medicine for various purposes. *M. indica* has been used in traditional medicine as vermifuge activity in India (Reddy, *et al.*, 1998), as a gargle to treat swollen gums in Malaysia (Ong, *et al.*, 1999). The stem bark of *M. indica* has been reported to possess antiviral, antibacterial, antiinflammatory, immunomodulatory activity (Makare, *et al.*, 2001), antiamebic (Tana, *et al.*, 1998) and antioxidation activity (Alberto, *et al.*, 2002). In India, an aqueous and methanolic extracts of seeds have been reported as antidiarrhoeal activity (Sairam, *et al.*, 2003). The ethanolic extract of the bark of *M. indica* showed the most potent α -glucosidase inhibitory activity (Prashanth, *et al.*, 2001). The leaves of *M. foetida* and *M. odorata* have been used for the treatment of Antitumor-promoting activity (Maurakami, *et al.*, 1995 and Mooi, *et al.*, 1999).

1.3 Objectives

One of the major changes that occur during processing, distribution, and final preparation of food is oxidation. Oxidation of fat initiates other change in the food systems that affects its nutritional quality, wholesomeness, safety, color, flavor, and texture. In addition, it is thought that lipid oxidation is strongly associated with carcinogenesis, mutagenesis, aging and atherosclerosis (Yagi, 1987; Cutlar, 1984;

1992). The addition of antioxidants have become popular as a means of increasing the shelf life of food products and improving the stability of lipid. In living system, dietary antioxidants such as β -carotene, α -tocopherol, and ascorbic acid may be effective in protection from oxidative damage as well as in enzymatic protection by endogenous enzymes such as superoxide dismutase, glutathione peroxidase, and catalase. Synthetic antioxidants, e.g. butylated hydroxyanisole (BHA), butylated hydroxytoluene (BHT) and *tert*-butyl hydroquinone (TBHQ), are widely used in the food industry because they are effective and cheaper than natural antioxidants. Their safety, however, has been questioned. Ito, *et al.*, (1986) reported that BHA was carcinogenic in animal experiments. At high doses, BHT may cause internal and external hemorrhaging, which contributes to death in some strain of mice and guinea pigs. This effect is due to the ability of BHT to reduce vitamin K-depending blood clotting factor (Ito *et al.*, 1986). TBHQ is allowed as a food antioxidant in the U.S. However, it is not permitted in the European Economic Community countries and Canada due to the lack of adequate toxicological information acceptable to those countries. Moreover, it showed mutagenic activity *in vivo* (VanEach, 1986). Recently, several natural antioxidants from dietary plants, e.g. polyphenol or β -diketone have been reported to play an important role in prevention of carcinogenesis and to extend life span in animals (Osawa, *et al.*, 1990). Dietary antioxidants were reported to offer effective protection against peroxidative damages in living systems (Cutlar, 1984; Osawa, *et al.*, 1990; Hirose, *et al.*, 1994). Therefore, much attention has been focused on natural antioxidants and some polyphenol compounds, e.g. flavonoids, phenolic acid and lignans. Flavonoids have received the most attention and much is known about the structural requirements for antioxidant activity. Based on NAPRALERT database and SciFinder Scholar, the antioxidation activity of chemical constituents isolated from *Mangifera odorata* has not been investigated. In addition, the preliminary testing on radical scavenging of the crude material of *M. odorata* exhibits potent activity. It then prompted us to investigate the components of *Mangifera odorata* more thoroughly and search for the antioxidation activity of pure compounds.

