APPENDIX B

INSTRUMENTS

Health beliefs Concerning Cervical Cancer and Pap Smear Test Attendance

For Researcher

Question number.....

This questionnaire consists of 4 parts;

Part 1: Demographic data form.

Part 2: Pap smear test attendance

Part 3: Health beliefs concerning cervical cancer, consists of perceived threat

of cervical cancer, perceived benefit of cervical cancer, and perceived

barrier of cervical cancer.

Part 1: Demographic Data Form.

Directions: Please fill in the blank or make ('/)' in () to indicate the factual situation.

1. Ageyears	age []
2. Marital status	mar[]
1.() Single	
2.() Married	
3.() Widowed / Divorced / Separated	
3. Education level	edu[]
1.() Illiterate	
2.() Primary school	
3.() Secondary school	
4.() Diploma certificate	
5.() Bachelor" s degree	

4. Occupation		ocu[]
1.() Agriculture		
2.() Housewife		
3.() Small business		
4.() Employee		
5.() Government officer		
5.Income / month	Baht	inc[]
6. Age at first intercourse	years	fex[]
7. Age at first pregnancy	years.	fpr[]
8. Number of children		nch[]
9. Do you have family planing?		fpn[]
1.() Yes		
2.() No		
10. Which contraceptive methods d	o you use for family planning?	fpn1[]
1.() Pill	4. () Abstinence periods	
2.() Cervical cap	5.() Tubal ligation	
3.() Injection	6.() Vasectomy	
11. Do you have a history of reprod	uctive organ problems?	
12.1 Bleeding after sexual in	ntercourse	rep1[]
1.() Yes 2.() No		
12.2 Vaginal bleeding		
1.() Yes 2.() No		rep2[]
12.3 Viginitis, Leukorrhagia	1	
1.() Yes 2. () No		rep3[]
12.4 Sexual transmitted dise	eases	
1.() Yes 2.() No		rep4[]
12. Do you have any family membe	rs with cervical cancer?	
1.() Yes	3.() Not sure	hif[]
2.() No		

13.	Have you ever received information regarding cervical cancer an	nd it's
pre	vention? (can answer more than 1 choice) in	nf[]
	1.() Professional health cares team	
	(e.g., physican, nurse)	
	2.() Health care volunteers	
	3.() Friends	
	4.() Family members / relatives	
	5.() Media (book, newspaper, magazine	
	radio, leaflet, handbook, TV.)	
	6.() Others (please specify)	
Pa	t 2 : Pap smear test attendance	
Dir	ections: Please fill in the blank or make "/" in () to indicate the	factual situation.
1 H	ave you received a Pap smear test? Pa	up1[]
	1.() Yes	
	2.() No (please go on to question 5)	
2 .E	low often do you received a Pap smear test? P	ap2[]
	1.() 6 months	
	2.() 1 year	
	3.() $2 - 3$ years	
	4.() $4 - 5$ year	
	5.() More than 5 years	
3.V	What are the reasons for receiving a Pap smear test? (can answer m	nore than 1
cho	ice)	
	1.() Routine check-upI	Pap3[][]
	2.()Check up after delivery	[][]
	3.() Mobile Pap smear service	
	4.() Uteritis	
	5.() Vaginal discharge or bleeding per vagina	
	6.() Having bleeding after sexual intercourse	
	7.() Others (please specify)	

4. Which health service do you attend for Pap smear testing? (can answer more than 1						
choice)	Pap4[] []					
1.() Primary health cares center	[][]					
2.() HatYai Hospital						
3.() Songkhla Hospital						
4.() Chana Hospital						
5.() Songklanagarind Hospital						
6.() Private clinic						
7.() Others (please specify)						
5. What are the reasons for not receiving a Pap smear test? (can answer more than						
1 choice)	Pap5[][]					
1.() No sign or symptom	[][]					
2.() No chance of getting cervical cancer						
3.() No time						
4.() Financial problem						
5.() Pain						
6.() Did not know where to have Pap smear test done						
7.() Transportation						
8.() Embarrassment						
9.() Others (please specify)						

Part 3: Health beliefs concerning cervical cancer: perceived threat of cervical cancer ,perceived benefit of Pap smear test, and perceived barrier of Pap smear test. This part consists of 28 items. The objective of these questions is to determine health beliefs about cervical cancer, and Pap smear testing.

Please read each question carefully and make "/" to indicate the degree to which you agree or disagree with the following statements. The ranges of agreement are; 5 = strongly agree, 4 = agree, 3 = not sure, 2 = disagree, 1 = strongly disagree.

	Strongly	Agree	Not	Disagree	Strongly	For the
Items	agree		sure		disagree	researcher
Perceived threat of						
cervical cancer						
1. Having cervical cancer						Pth1[]
would affect the						
relationship with her						
spouse						Pth2[]
2. Cervical cancer is a						
disease that makes patients						
suffer						Pth3[]
3. Women with cervical						
cancer can not take of care						
their family						Pth4[]
4. Having cervical cancer						
would affect m y work						Pth5[]
5. Women with cervical						
cancer will die early						Pth6[]
6. Cervical cancer is a						1 110[]
severe and fearful disease						

ItemsagreesuredisagreeresearchPerceived threat of cervical cancer </th <th>the</th>	the
cervical cancerImage: second seco	earcher
7. Having a husbandPth7[]with multiple sexualPth7[]partners places me atIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	
with multiple sexual partners places me at high risk of developing cervical cancerImage: Constraint of the sexual image: Constraint of the sexual of the se	
partners places me athigh risk of developingcervical cancer8. Having a husbandwho underwentcircumcision preventme from gettingcervical cancer9. As I get older, I have	7[]
high risk of developing cervical cancerImage: Cervical cancerImage: Cervical cancerImage: Cervical cancer8. Having a husbandImage: Cervical cancerImage: Cervical cancerImage: Cervical cancer9. As I get older, I haveImage: Cervical cancerImage: Cervical cancerImage: Cervical cancer9. As I get older, I haveImage: Cervical cancerImage: Cervical cancerImage: Cervical cancer	
cervical cancerImage: Cervical cancer	
8. Having a husbandPth8[]who underwentPth8[]circumcision preventIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	
who underwentImage: Constraint of the second se	
circumcision preventImage: Second	8[]
me from getting Image: Constraint of the set of the s	
cervical cancer 9. As I get older, I have Pth9[]	
9. As I get older, I have Pth9[]	
more chance of getting	9[]
cervical	
10. Having first Pth10[]	10[]
intercourse at a young	
age increases the	
chance of having	
cervical cancer	

agree	sure		
	Sure	Disagree	researcher
			Pth11[]
			Pth12[]
			Pth13[]
			Pth14[]

	Strongly	Agree	Not	Disagree	Strongly	For the
Items	agree		sure		disagree	researcher
Perceived benefits of						
Pap smear test						
15. Pap smear test is an						Pbe1[]
effective method to detect						
cervical cancer						
16. Having a Pap smear						Pbe2[]
test is good for me						
17. Having Pap smear test						Pbe3[]
helps to detect cervical						
cancer at an early stage						
and can be promptly						
treated						
18. Having a regular						Pbe4[]
check-up with Pap smear						
test can invasive cervical						
cancer						

	Strongly	Agree	Not	Disagree	Strongly	For the
Items	agree		sure		disagree	researcher
19. Having a Pap						Pbe5[]
smear test lets me to						
know whether I have						
cervical cancer.						
Perceived barriers						
of Pap smear test						
20. Receiving a Pap						Pba1[]
smear test would be						
painful						
21. I believe						Pba2[]
cervical cancer can						
not be preventt						
because it depend						
on God						Pba3[]
22. I am afraid to						
know the results of						Pba4[]
the test						
23. I am afraid to						
have a Pap smear						
test by a male doctor						

	Strongly	Agree	Not	Disagree	Strongly	For the
Items	agree		sure		disagree	researcher
24. I feel embarrassment to have a Pap smear test						Pba5[]
25. Receiving a Pap smear test can affect my						Pba6[]
work						
26. I had a problem						
financing for a Pap smear						Pba7[]
test						
27. I am afraid that the						
place for having a Pap						Pba8[]
smear test is not private						
28. I have no time to						
have a Pap smear test						Pba9[]