Contents

	Page
Abstract	iii
Acknowledgements	vii
Contents	viii
List of Tables	х
List of Figures	xi
Chapter	
1. Introduction	1
1.1 Background	1
1. Introduction 1.1 Background 1.2 Statement of problem	3
1.3 Research questions	4
1.3 Research questions1.4 Objectives1.5 Definitions of terms	5
1.5 Definitions of terms	5
1.6 Literature review	6
1.7 Expected advantages of this study	12
1.8 Scope of the study	12
1.9 Outline of thesis	13
2. Methodology	15
2.1 Data source	15
2.2 Selected variables	18
2.3 Data management	19
2.4 Study sample	23

	page
2.5 Path diagrams	24
2.6 Statistical methods	24
3. Preliminary Results	28
3.1 Description of the variables	28
3.2 Non-participation rates	29
3.3 Area plots	31
4. Statistical Modeling	38
4.1 Additive logistic regression models	38
4.2 Multiplicative logistic regression models	43
5. Conclusion and discussion	54
5.1 Overall findings	54
 5.1 Overall findings 5.2 Implication of the results 5.3 Limitation of the study Reference 	57
5.3 Limitation of the study	58
Reference POllege	59
Appendix I	65
Appendix II	80
Appendix II	95
Vitae	100

List of Tables

Tables		Page
Table 2.1	Variables in the 2000 population and housing census	16
Table 2.2	Cross tabulation of unemployment and school attendance for youth	21
Table 2.3	Number of cases in "either school attendance or employment" and	22
	in neither, in Pattani and Songkhla, from Population and Housing	
	Census, Thailand, 2000	
Table 3.1	School attendance and employment of youth aged 15-17 years	29
	in Pattani and Songkhla, in 2000 (extracted from Table 2.3;	
	originally from Population and Housing Census, Thailand, 2000)	
Table 3.2	Number and percentage "not at work and not at study",	30
	by gender and religion, of youth aged 15-17 year	
Table 4.1	Regression coefficients and standard errors from additive model	39
	in Pattani.	
Table 4.2	Regression coefficients and standard errors from additive model	41
	in Songkhla.	
Table 4.3	Regression coefficients and standard errors from multiplicative model	44
	in Pattani.	
Table 4.4	Regression coefficients and standard errors from multiplicative	48-49
	model in Songkhla.	

List of Figures

Figures		Page
Figure 1.1	Primary School-age children out of school by country, 2001/2002	6
Figure 2.1	Flow diagram for data management	17
Figure 2.2	Map of 115 tambons together with 34 super-tambons	20
	in Pattani Province, and 127 tambons together with 52 super-tambons	
	in Songkhla Province	
Figure 2.3	Study sample	23
Figure 2.4	Path diagrams for variables considered	24
Figure 3.1	Non-participation rates of youth aged 15-17 in statistical regions	32
	of Pattani province	
Figure 3.2	Non-participation rates of youth aged 15-17 in statistical regions	33
	of Songkhla province	
Figure 3.3	Non-participation rates of gender groups in Pattani	34
Figure 3.4	Non-participation rates of religion groups in Pattani	35
Figure 3.5	Non-participation rates of gender groups in Songkhla	35
Figure 3.6	Non-participation rates of religion groups in Songkhla	36
Figure 3.7	Non-participation rates of demographic groups in Pattani	36
Figure 3.8	Non-participation rates of demographic groups in Songkhla	37
Figure 4.1	The logistic model results for 15-17 year olds who were	40
	"at risk", in Pattani super-tambons	
Figure 4.2	The logistic model results for 15-17 year olds who were	42
	"at risk", in Songkhla super-tambons	

D !		
H1	ջը	ires
	5	100

Figure 4.3	Multiplicative model results for youth non-participation rates	46
	in Pattani regions	
Figure 4.4	Map of multiplicative model for youth non-participation rates	47
	in Pattani regions	
Figure 4.5	Multiplicative model results for youth non-participation rates	52
	in Songkhla regions	
Figure 4.6	Map of multiplicative model for youth non-participation rates	53
	Map of multiplicative model for youth non-participation rates in Songkhla regions	